[3957] - 101

P1831

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - I)

ADVANCED ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (2008 **Pattern**)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:80

Instructions to the candidates:

- Question 1 and 4 are compulsory. 1)
- Attempt any one question from the remaining in section I and any one question 2) from the remaining questions of section II.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary. 4)
- 5) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I Q1) a) Suggest suitable chemical structural formula for following spectroscopic data. [8] $MF C_7H_{12}O_4$ IR: 1745 cm⁻¹ Proton NMR: 2H 3.4 singlet 1.3 triplet 6H 4.2 4H quartate Explain with example how inductive effect, mesomeric effect, resonance b) and ring strain affect absorption of IR radiation. [8] What is Bragg's law? Write its significance. c) [4] Discuss principle, instrumentation and applications of thermogravimetric *O2*) a) analysis. [8]

Write about fundamental law of absorption and its applications in b)

- quantitative analysis. [6]
- Write principle and applications of ESR spectroscopy c) [6]
- Discuss modes of vibrations in linear and non linear molecule. *Q3*) a) [6]
 - Comment on hyphenated techniques [8] b)
 - Explain effect of polarity of solvent on absorption maxima in UV c) spectroscopy. [6]

SECTION - II

- **Q4)** a) Explain in detail the working of various pumps used in HPLC. [10]
 - b) Give different modes of fragmentation for amino acids and alcohols in EIMS. [10]
- Q5) Following equation is a fundamental equation in HPLC technique. Explain clearly and in detail the meaning of various terms involved in the equation and how resolution [Rs] can be controlled through modification of these terms given in the equation.[20]

Rs =
$$\frac{1}{4} (\alpha - 1) \sqrt{n} (K' / 1 + K')$$

- **Q6)** a) How will you differentiate / identify between the following pairs using mass spectrometry [MS] and / or Proton NMR spectrometry. [10]
 - i) para-<u>n</u>-Propyltoluene and 1'-Methylpropylbenzene.
 - ii) para-<u>i</u>-Propylethylbenzene and 1-methyl-3, 5-diethylbenzene.
 - b) Explain why and how derivatization is carried out in HPLC and GC.

[10]



[Total No. of Pages :2

P1839

[3957] - 108

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - I & II)

QUALITY CONTROL & ASSURANCE OF PHARMACEUTICALS (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any two from the remaining questions for each section.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Discuss management of rejected & recovered materials in pharmaceutical processing.[10]
- Q2) a) Explain the concept of quality culture & importance of staff training in maintaining it.[8]
 - b) Discuss hazards of mix-ups and cross contaminations. [7]
- Q3) a) Define key personnel and explain the responsibilities of key personnel in pharmaceutical industry.[8]
 - b) Quality control of packaging materials. [7]
- **Q4)** Write short note on:

- a) Good manufacturing practises.
- b) Sanitation of manufacturing premises.
- c) SOP on Personnel hygiene.

SECTION - II

Q5)		at is the significance of pharmaceutical manufacturing documental lain in detail batch production & control record.	10n? [10]
Q6)	a)	Enlist component of HVAC system & detail the construction of H filter unit.	EPA [8]
	b)	Explain the significance & procedure of cleaning validation.	[7]
Q7)	a) b)	Explain the significance & procedure for pharmaceutical plant audi Explain quality control of biological products.	t. [8] [7]
Q8)	Writ	te short note on:	[15]
	a) b) c)	Validation master plan. Drug master file. Sanitation in aseptic area.	



P1840

[3957] - 112

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - I & II)

CHEMISTRY OF MEDICINAL NATURAL PRODUCTS (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Attempt any two questions from remaining for section I and section II each.
- 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION - I

Q1) Describe the chemistry and structural elucidation of Caffeine. [10] Discuss the methods of isolation of essential oil and separation of **Q2)** a) terpenoids from essential oil. [8] Explain the biosynthesis of fatty acids. b) [7] Explain the biosynthetic pathway of isoprenoid compounds. **Q3**) a) [8] Describe the structural elucidation of morphine. [7] b) **Q4)** Write note on following (any two): [15]

- a) Methods of extraction of alkaloids.
- b) Isolation and purification of glycosides.
- c) Shikimic acid Pathway.

SECTION II

Q5)	Describe the chemistry and structural elucidation of solasodine.			
Q6)	a)	Discuss in detail the chemistry of plant steroids.	[8]	
	b)	Classify flavonoids. Discuss the properties of flavonoids.	[7]	
Q7)	a)	Explain in detail the chemistry of disaccharides.	[8]	
	b)	Describe the structural elucidation of ephedrine.	[7]	
Q8)	Write note on following (any two):		[15]	
	a)	General reactions of monosaccharides.		
	b)	Chemistry of diosgenin.		
	c)	Chemistry of carotenoids.		



[Total No. of Pages :2

P1841

[3957] - 117

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - I & II) NATURAL PRODUCTS MANAGEMENT (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining solve any two questions from section I and any two questions from section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Write about the appraisal of farm resources, capital resources, management factors, land resources and enterpreural aspects of farm analysis & farm planning. [10]
- Q2) a) Discuss mechanization/modernization of Natural Products Market. [8]
 - b) Comment on processing of an agricultural marketing. [7]
- *Q3*) Write about
 - a) Farm planning & budgeting. [8]
 - b) Application of research in farm management. [7]
- **Q4)** Write on 'Co-operative processing / efforts among collectors & growers to store, transport & market the natural products'. [15]

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Write about ex-situ and in-situ cultivation & conservation of medicinal plants. [10]
- **Q6)** a) Write about cultivation economics and project proposals for few prioritized medicinal plants of India. [8]
 - b) Give an account on the legal requirements & processing techniques for marketing of raw materials and value added products in relation to herbal cosmetics.
- Q7) Discuss the general requirements to establish extraction unit based on herbs/herbal products.[15]
- Q8) Write an essay on 'IPR in relation to medicinal herbs and herbal products'.[15]



[Total No. of Pages :2

P1842

[3957] - 118

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - I & II) MEDICINAL PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of remaining attempt any two questions from section I and section II.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Give detail account of pharmaceutical applications of enzyme immobilization. [10] Write about purification of enzymes. **Q2)** a) [8] Describe methods of protoplast fusion. b) [7] **Q3**) a) Give an account of hairy root culture and multiple shoot culture. [8] Enlist different physical methods of DNA mediated gene transfer. b) [7] [15] **Q4)** Write notes on:

- a) Somaclonal variation and synthetic seeds.
- b) Ti plasmid.
- c) Micropropagation.

SECTION - II

Q5)	Give	e an account of enzyme reactor.	[10]
Q6)	a) b)	Describe method of gene transfer using vectors of Agarobacterium. Write about RAPD markers for genetic maping.	. [8] [7]
Q7)	a) b)	Discuss RFLP genetic maps in plants. Give an account of physical maps using In situ hybridization.	[8] [7]
Q8)	Writa) b) c)	e notes on: Mutation. Hybridization. Applications of PCR.	[15]



[Total No. of Pages :2

P1843

[3957] - 207

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - II)

(Spl. Pharmacology)

MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY

(2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any two questions from the remaining in section I and section II.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Write answers for section I and II in separate answer sheets.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Enlist various endogenous bioactive molecules & discuss role of COX-2 regulators in inflammation.[10]
- Q2) Classify Dopaminergic receptors. Add a note on various drugs acting on them. [15]
- Q3) Define apoptosis. Describe it's pharmacological and clinical implications. [15]
- **Q4)** Write a note on (any three):

- a) Sodium channel modulators.
- b) Cellular signaling mechanism of drug action.
- c) Neuropeptides.
- d) Angiotensin receptors.

SECTION - II

- Q5) What is chronopharmacology? Discuss implications of chronopharmacology to drug therapy. [10]
- Q6) Enlist various laboratory animals. Write a note on application of transgenic mouse in experimental pharmacology.[15]
- **Q7)** Define Immunopharmacology with respect to cellular cytotoxicity. [15]
- **Q8)** Describe potential of human genome mapping in drug research. [15]



[Total No. of Pages :2

P1844

[3957] - 208

M.Pharmacy (Sem. - II)

(Spl. Pharmacognosy)

PHYTOCHEMISTRY & PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Out of the remaining attempt any two questions from section I and any two questions from the section II.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- **Q1)** Describe in detail methods of extraction, isolation, characterization and structure elucidation of Caffeine. [10]
- **Q2)** Give the Instrumental identification of following phytoconstitutents. [15]
 - a) Gingerol
 - b) Curcumin
 - c) Vasicine
- Q3) Explain in detail the chemistry of Saponins and give the Pharmaceutical profile of Glycyrrhizinic acid.[15]
- Q4) Write short notes (any two):

- a) IR spectral analysis of Rutin and Atropine.
- b) Extraction and isolation of Sennosides.
- c) Pharmaceutical significance of Taxol.

SECTION - II

- Q5) Explain the principle, procedure, and importance of following parameters in evaluation of Natural products as per WHO guidelines.[10]
 - a) Determination of Arsenic and Heavy metals.
 - b) Pesticide residue.
- **Q6)** Describe in detail various pharmacological screening methods for evaluation of [15]
 - a) Hepatoprotective activity.
 - b) Anti epileptic activity.
- Q7) Explain in detail the various methods and related equipment for extraction of herbal drugs.[15]
- **Q8)** Write short notes (any two):

- a) Pharmacological screening of Anti oxidants.
- b) Evaluation of Herbal extracts.
- c) Physical evaluation of crude drugs.



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[3957]-102 M.Pharmacy

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any two questions from Section I and any two questions from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION-I

- **Q1)** What is the purpose of research? Enlist the different types or research. Give the elaborated account of historical, descriptive and patent oriented research. [20]
- **Q2)** a) Give the elaborated account on questionnaire contents and working.

[10]

- b) Enlist the different tools used in research for data collection. Add a note on Interview method along with merits and demerits. [10]
- *Q3)* Write notes on any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Use of computer packages in documentation.
- b) Student 't' test.
- c) Importance of methodology and results and discussion in thesis writing.

SECTION-II

- Q4) What is the meaning of hypothesis. Describe the various sources of hypothesis.Add a note on role of hypothesis in research. [20]
- Q5) Give the salient features of techniques involved in oral presentation of research outcome.[20]
- **Q6)** Write notes on any two of the following:

[20]

- a) Use of bibliography in research.
- b) Correlation data.
- c) Use of visual aids in oral presentation.



Total No. of Questions: 6]

[3957]-103

P1834

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmaceutics)

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICS - I

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer two questions from Section I and two questions from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

Q1) Elaborate the preformulation studies of semisolids.

[20]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

Q2) Describe the biodegradable polymers and their significance.

[20]

Q3) Write short notes (Any Two):

[20]

- a) Superdisintegrants.
- b) Liquid crystals.
- c) Overages and ICH guidelines.

SECTION-II

Q4) Explain the drug release modeling through polymer matrix and laminates.

[20]

- Q5) Discuss the significance of following optimization techniques: Simplex method,EVOP, Grid search method.[20]
- **Q6)** Write short notes (Any Two):

[20]

- a) Validation of pharmaceutical processes.
- b) Dissolution models.
- c) Methods of microencapsulation.



P1835

[3957]-104

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 is compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt any two questions from each Section I and Section II.
- 2) Write answer to Section I and Section II in separate answer book.

SECTION-I

- Q1) What are conformational isomers? Explain with examples how the pharmacological properties of drugs changes with conformational Isomerism.

 [10]
- Q2) Discuss the mechanism, stereochemistry and applications of Grignard Reaction taking example of medicinal agent.[15]
- **Q3)** Write notes on any two:

[15]

- a) Pinacol rearrangement.
- b) Diazomethane and its synthetic applications.
- c) Free radical reaction.
- Q4) Explain synthone approach of designing drug synthesis. Develop the synthetic route for Terfenadine or Rosiglitazone using synthone approach. [15]

SECTION-II

Q5) What are chiral drugs? Explain how the chirality of medicinal agents affects the pharmacodynametic and pharmacokinetic properties. [10]

- Q6) Discuss the mechanism, stereochemistry and applications of Witting Reaction taking example of medicinal agent. [15]
- **Q7)** What are reduction reactions? Explain Birch reduction. [15]
- **Q8)** Write note on any Two:

- a) Ionic liquids and supercritical liquids.
- b) Solvent free reactions by microwave and ultrasound energy.
- c) Oppennauer oxidation.



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[3957]-105

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmacology)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY

(Pre-clinical Evaluation of Drugs)

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Answer any two questions from the remaining.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION-I

- *Q1)* Explain in detail 3 Rs in Animal Experimentation. Discuss how these 3 Rs can be achieved while preparation of research protocol as per form B. [10]
- Q2) Discuss in detail organization of preclinical screening programme. Explain in detail all the safety assessment tests.[15]
- Q3) Explain the latest structure and function of Institutional Animal Ethical Committee as per CPCSEA. Write in detail structure, layout of an animal house. Add a note on handling and breeding techniques of laboratory animals.

 [15]
- **Q4)** Write a Note on Any Two:

- a) Patch Clamp Technique.
- b) Limitations of *In vitro* testing of drugs.
- c) Alternatives to Animal Studies.

SECTION-II

- Q5) Discuss the design and procedures for screening of diuretic agents. [10]
- **Q6)** Discuss the animal models for evaluation of antiparkinsonian agents. [15]
- Q7) Write in detail principle of design and animal models for screening of drugs used in treatment of cardiac arrhythmia.[15]
- **Q8)** Write a Note on Any Two:

- a) Screening of Histamin antagonists.
- b) Evaluation of androgens.
- c) Methods to test drugs acting as laxatives.



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[3957]-106

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmacognosy)

ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from Section I and 2 questions from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Describe biotic and abiotic elicitors-induced production of secondary metabolites using plant cell culture.[10]
- Q2) a) What is chemotaxonomy? What are its advantages & limitations over other methods of classifications? Explain the term divergence & convergence. [7]
 - b) Describe the terpenes as chemotaxonomic marker with suitable examples. [8]
- Q3) Enlist various strategies used to enhance secondary metabolite production through tissue culture techniques. Describe genetic manipulation using plant cell culture.
 [15]
- **Q4)** Write a Note on Any Two:

- a) Coloring pigments derived from plants.
- b) Photosensitizing agent.
- c) Applications of biopolymers as pharmaceutical excipients.
- d) Biofuel.

SECTION-II

- Q5) Write various in vitro & in vivo models used in the evaluation of anticancer activity with suitable examples.[10]
- Q6) Enlist techniques used in the study of plant biosynthesis. Describe sequential analysis technique along with various methods used for detection and measurement of radio labeled precursors.
 [15]
- **Q7)** a) Explain the antidiabetic role of flavonoids. [7]
 - b) Review the plants having hepatoprotective activity. [8]
- **Q8)** Write a Note on Any Three: [15]
 - a) Flavonoids as anti-inflammatory agents.
 - b) Role of high throughput screening (HTS) in drug discovery.
 - c) Bioreactor for the production of secondary metabolites.
 - d) Camptothecin.



Total No. of Questions: 6]

[3957]-107

P1838

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Quality Assurance Techniques) ADVANCED QUALITY ASSURANCE TECHNIQUES

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Solve any two questions from Section I and two questions from Section II.
- 2) All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) What is materials management in pharmaceutical industry? Write in details about every aspect of materials management.[20]
- Q2) Explain how validation is important in pharmaceutical manufacturing and discuss various steps involved in validation of equipments with reference to tablet dosage form.[20]
- **Q3)** a) Quality control of sterile product.
 - b) Steps in Environmental Protection.

[20]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

SECTION-II

- **Q4)** Explain different components of quality assurance and discuss their importance in pharmaceutical manufacturing. [20]
- **Q5)** Enlist various important facilities and discuss their relevance in building construction to provide suitable atmosphere for Pharmaceutical Industry. [20]
- **Q6)** a) IPQC tests for Tablets and Capsules.
 - b) Plant level document.

[20]



P1850

[3957]-110

M.Pharmacy

BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from section I and 2 questions from section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Describe Wagner Nelson method for determination of absorption rate constant. What is the limitation of this method? [10]
- Q2) What is the significance of P gP(permeability glycoprotein) as an efflux transporter system in Development of targeted drug delivery system for brain?Explain with suitable example the drug design accordingly. [15]
- Q3) Explain in detail the method of determination of hybrid first order constants for any drug that follows two compartment model and administered as i. v. bolus dose.
- **Q4)** Write short notes on any three.

[15]

- a) Design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies.
- b) In vivo/biological models for permeability studies.
- c) Blood placental barrier.
- d) Model independent approach in bioequivalence studies.

SECTION - II

- Q5) How non linear kinetics of a drug is detected? Explain the causes of non linearity and significance. Give 'New Drug Application' requirements for a drug that follows Non linearity.[10]
- **Q6)** What are drug displacement interactions due to protein binding? Why all displacement interactions are not clinically significant? Explain with examples.

[15]

P.T.O.

Q7) The elimination half life of the Tobramycin was reported to be 2.15 hours and the volume of distribution was reported to be 33.5% of body weight. What is the dose for an 80 Kg individual if a steady state level of $2.5 \,\mu g/mL$ is desired?

Assume that the drug is given by iv bolus injection every 8 hours. [15]

Q8) Write short notes on any three.

- a) Determination and significance of 'Area under the curve'.
- b) Kinetics of protein binding.
- c) Significance of Vmax and km.
- d) Apparent volume of distribution.



P1851

[3957]-111

M.Pharmacy

STERILE PRODUCTS FORMULATION & TECHNOLOGY (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from section I and 2 questions from section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Discuss physicochemical properties of drugs affecting design of parenteral dosage form.[10]
- Q2) Explain the physiological considerations of LVP's. Discuss formulation and manufacturing process of LVP's.[15]
- Q3) a) Discuss physiological factors affecting formulation of ophthalmic products.[8]
 - b) Explain Nanoparticles in parenteral drug delivery. [7]
- **Q4)** Write a short notes on (any two):

[15]

- a) Liposomes in parenteral drug delivery.
- b) Glass as a Parenteral packaging material.
- c) Pyrogen Testing of sterile dosage forms.

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Describe construction, working and validation of HEPA filter. [10]
- Q6) Describe in detail process selection and process specification in sterilization of parenterals.
- Q7) Explain overview of GMP and regulatory guidelines in parenteral manufacturing.[15]

P1852

[3957]-116

M.Pharmacy

TRADITIONAL SYSTEMS OF MEDICINE AND AYURVEDIC FORMULATIONS (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 & 5 are compulsory. Answer any two questions from the remaining.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Write note on Ayurvedic cosmetic formulations. [10]
- **Q2)** What is homeopathic system of medicine? Write about history, principles, homeopathic dilutions and herbs used in homeopathy. [15]
- Q3) What is 'Guggulu'? Explain the process of sodhana. What are the characteristic of 'Sodhita guggulu' and how it is preserved? [15]
- **Q4)** What is ethnopharmacognosy? How knowledge is affected by habitat change, species loss and the cultivation and hybridization of the plant? [15]

SECTION - II

- Q5) What is Unani system of medicine? Write about its history and Unani medicines in Asia. [10]
- **Q6)** Write brief note on standardization of Ayurvedic dosage forms using physical & chemical methods. [15]
- Q7) Write note on acupuncture and moxibustion as Chinese system of medicine and its safety.
- **Q8)** Write down the differences between Ayurvedic medicine and homeopathic medicine with respect to history, philosophy and preparation of medicine.



P1853

[3957]-201

M.Pharmacy DRUG REGULATORY AFFAIRS

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 & 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from section I and 2 questions from section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- **Q1)** Explain in detail organisation structure and working of WHO and US FDA. [10]
- **Q2)** a) Explain the functions of Drug Inspector. [8]
 - b) Comment on salient features of pollution control Act. [7]
- Q3) Comment on the provisions related to cosmetics under Drug & Cosmetics Act. [15]
- Q4) Write in detail on Narcotic & Psychotropic Substances Act 1985. [15]

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Give the salient features of NDA.
- **Q6)** Explain the concept of 'Novelty' as applicable to patents. Give suitable examples. [15]
- *Q7)* Compare and contrast the GMP of U.S.FDA and Indian regulatory body. [15]
- **Q8)** Write short notes on (any three)

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

[10]

- a) DMF
- b) Copyright
- c) Industrial safety
- d) Latest edition of I.P.



P1854

[3957]-202

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmaceutics)

FORMULATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 & 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any two questions from the remaining in Section I and Section II.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION - I

- Q1) How do multiple emulsions differ from micro emulsions? Explain with the help of ternary phase diagrams the selection of various phases in the formulation of microemulsions and SMEDDS. [10]
- **Q2)** Discuss in detail various types of gastroretentive drug delivery systems.

[15]

Q3) How can pulsatile delivery system be formulated?

[15]

Q4) Write short notes on any three (5 marks each):

[15]

- a) Emulgels based on liposomes.
- b) Mouth dissolving tablets.
- c) Sublingual formulations.
- d) Penetration enhancers in semisolid preparations.

SECTION - II

- Q5) What are the different types of containers used for aerosol Preparations?Discuss in detail the two phase and three phase system mode of operation of aerosols.[10]
- **Q6)** Explain in detail the packaging material development for regulated markets for conventional and novel drug delivery systems. [15]
- Q7) Discuss in detail veterinary specialized dose dispensers. Add a note on the need and problems of designing veterinary dosage forms.[15]

P.T.O.

P1855

[3957]-203

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmaceutics)

NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 & 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any two questions from the remaining in Section I and Section II.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Explain mechanisms of floating drug delivery? Describe its evaluation. [10]
- **Q2)** What are the basic components of transdermal drug delivery system? Describe development of TDDS based on adhesive dispersion type system. [15]
- Q3) What is chronotherapeutics? Describe formulation and evaluation of pulsatile delivery system.
- **Q4)** Write notes (any two)

[15]

- a) Biodegradable microspheres.
- b) Long acting contraceptive formulations.
- c) Mechanism of transmucosal transport of drugs.

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Describe evaluation procedures for colon targeted drug delivery. [10]
- **Q6)** Describe different approaches to targeting drug delivery to brain. [15]
- Q7) Describe the protein and peptide drug delivery. Give its limitations. [15]
- **Q8)** Write notes (any three) [15]
 - a) Drug targeting using monoclonal antibodies.
 - b) Stabilization of protein and peptide drugs.
 - c) Microbial approach for colon specific drug delivery.
 - d) Lacriserts.



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[3957]-204

M.Pharmacy

ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY

(Spl. Pharmaceutical Chemistry) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Write any two questions from Section I and two questions from Section II.
- 2) Write answer to Section I and Section II in separate answer book.

SECTION-I

- **Q1)** a) Write the microbial conversions of prostaglandins giving suitable examples. [15]
 - b) Write a note on CADD.

[5]

- Q2) a) Discuss in detail different types of receptors. Highlight the features of models of cholinergic receptors. [15]
 - b) Explain the enzyme immobilization techniques.

[5]

- Q3) Write the synthetic steps with reaction conditions and mechanism involved in following synthesis (Any Two): [20]
 - a) Dapsone.
 - b) Ziprasidone.
 - c) Cetrizine.

<u>SECTION - II</u>

Q4) a) Discuss the various theories proposed for drug-receptor interactions.

[15]

b) Give brief note on Gene Therapy.

[5]

Q5) a) Explain the various aspects of combinatorial chemistry. [10]

b) Explain the role of QSAR in drug design. [10]

Q6) Write notes on any two: [20]

a) GABA receptors.

b) Enzyme inhibition.

c) HTS.



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[3957]-205

M.Pharmacy (Spl. Pharmaceutical Chemistry) DRUG DESIGN

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II) (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 and 4 are compulsory.
- 2) Answer any one question from Section I and any one question from Section II from the remaining.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written on separate books.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Explain in detail QSAR with its advantage and its application. Discuss Hansch's LFER model in detail.[20]
- **Q2)** a) Explain the significance of ADME in drug design. [10]
 - b) Explain in detail analog approach for drug design with suitable example. [10]
- Q3) Explain various approaches of drug design in detail with suitable examples.
 [20]

SECTION-II

- Q4) The concept of antagonism and enzyme inhibition were proved to be excellent tools in the process of drug design Explain, with suitable examples. [20]
- **Q5)** a) Explain the conformational search techniques in CADD. [10]
 - b) Explain the concept of prodrugs in drug design. [10]

Q6) Write short notes on any four:

[20]

- a) Rigid docking.
- b) Excluded volume & shape analysis.
- c) Artificial neural network in drug design.
- d) Quantum mechanics.
- e) Force fields.



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[3957]-209

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Pharmacognosy) INDUSTRIAL PHARMACOGNOSY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt 2 questions from Section I and 2 questions from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION-I

- *Q1)* Describe international/world wide trade of medicinal plants & derived products. [10]
- **Q2)** Elaborate production and utilization of medicinal plants in India, with suitable examples. [15]
- Q3) Explain role of medicinal and aromatic plants in future economic growth & development of herbal medicine industry.[15]
- *Q4*) Write short note on:

- a) Herbal Drug Regulation.
- b) Indian spices & their export potential.
- c) Phytopharmaceutical production in India.

SECTION-II

- Q5) Classify plant based industry. Elaborate scope of herbal drugs referring to various plant based industries.[10]
- **Q6)** Elaborate the requirements of an ideal herbal extraction unit. Comment with reference to infrastructure & staff requirements. [15]
- Q7) Elaborate utilization of Aromatic plant & derived products with reference to Indian trade.[15]
- **Q8)** Write short note on:

[15]

- a) Global regulatory status of herbal medicine.
- b) Production technique of Cinchona alkaloid.
- c) IPR & Herbal patents.



Total No. of Questions: 6] [Total No. of Pages: 2

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[3957]-210 M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Quality Assurance Tech.)

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question Nos. 1 and 4 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt one question from Section I and one question from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- **Q1)** a) Define validation; elaborate its benefits, Types and component. [10]
 - b) Explain in detail Validation Master Plan. [10]
- Q2) What is importance of Equipment validation? Elaborate URS, DQ, IQ OQ and PQ of Fluid bed dryer and Autoclave.[20]
- **Q3)** a) Define analytical method validation. Discuss validation parameters with respect to HPLC method. [10]
 - b) Give qualification of UV/Visible spectrophotometer. [10]

SECTION-II

- **Q4)** a) Write importance of process validation. Elaborate validation of ampoules and vials. [10]
 - b) Write short note on vendor certification. [10]

Q5) a) What is significance of cleaning validation? Discuss cleaning validation of Double cone mixer. [10]

b) Explain Validation of HAVAC system.

[10]

Q6) Write short note:

[20]

- a) Computer System Validation.
- b) Validation of integrated line by media fill test.



Total No. of Questions: 8] [Total No. of Pages: 2

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[3957]-211

M.Pharmacy

(Spl. Quality Assurance Tech.)

QUALITY PLANNING AND ANALYSIS

(Theory) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II) (Revised Course)

Time: 3 Hours]
Instructions to the candidates:

1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.

- 2) Answer any two questions from Section I and any two questions from Section II from the remaining.
- 3) Answers to the two sections should be written on separate books.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) What is Sampling? Enumerate different sampling plans. Justify situation and conditional criteria. Where it is applied? Discuss the characteristics of good sampling plan.[12]
- **Q2)** 'Poor Quality and High Cost' *Vs* 'Quality improvement and cost reduction' if studied meticulously can help in industrial progress. Comment. [14]
- Q3) Describe and justify the relevant importance of planning to maintain & achieve quality in manufacturing operations. [14]
- **Q4)** Write short notes on (Any two):

[14]

[Max. Marks: 80]

- a) Contribution of Prof. Juran, Prof. Deming and Prof. Crosby in Quality field.
- b) Motivation.
- c) Quality Surveys.

SECTION-II

Q5) Define Audit and explain its scope in improving the quality of different systems and operations. What are the characteristics of a good auditor? Where surprise audit is carried out?
[12]

- **Q6)** Explain the term: Inspection, testing & measurement. How will you decide to what extent inspection is necessary and its accuracy? [14]
- Q7) Define Statistics. Discuss the advantages of Statistics on Process Control.Explain different statistical control charts used in the industry.[14]
- **Q8)** Write short notes on (Any two):

[14]

- a) Sporadic & Chronic Quality problems.
- b) SKIP LOT Sampling Plan & its Utility.
- c) Quality Improvement Programme (QIP).



Total No. of Questions: 8] [Total No. of Pages: 2

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[3957]-114

M.Pharmacy

CLINICAL TRIALS

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Solve any two questions from the remaining in Section I and Section II.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Write answers for Section I and Section II in separate answer sheets.

SECTION-I

Q1) Discuss collection, monitoring and interpretation of data in clinical trials.

[10]

- **Q2)** Describe ethical issues in clinical trials with special mention of Helsinki declaration. [15]
- Q3) Explain importance of ICH-GCP guidelines in clinical trial. [15]
- **Q4)** Write a note on (Any Two):

[15]

- a) Case report forms.
- b) Role of CRO in clinical trials.
- c) Computer application in data analysis.

SECTION-II

- **Q5)** Enlist various parts of clinical trial design. Add a note on risk and benefit calculations. [10]
- Q6) Name various stakeholders of clinical trials. Discuss responsibilities of physicians.[15]

Q7) Justify role of therapeutic drug monitoring towards quality control in clinical trials.[15]

Q8) Write a note on (Any Two):

[15]

- a) Hypothesis in clinical trial design.
- b) Institutional review board.
- c) NDA.



Total No. of Questions: 6] [Total No. of Pages: 2

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[3957]-113

M.Pharmacy

ACTIVE PHARMACEUTICAL INGREDIENTS MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any two questions from Section I and any two questions from Section II.
- 2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever is necessary.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Describe the technology of animation by reduction using iron and acid for the manufacturing of aromatic amines, illustrate with examples.[20]
- Q2) Describe in detail manufacture of following drugs with process and instrumentation diagram (any two): [20]
 - a) Rifampicin.
 - b) Adrenaline.
 - c) Benzocaine.
- *Q3)* Write short notes on any two:

[20]

- a) Fluidized bed dryers.
- b) Industrial centrifuges.
- c) Counter current extractions.

SECTION-II

Q4) Discuss in detail the acylation and esterification process in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.[20]

Q5) a) Give detailed account of Health hazard in manufacturing facility with respect to Bioethics and Bio-safety. [10]

b) Write notes on any two:

[10]

- i) Atmospheric contaminants.
- ii) Detection and sampling.
- iii) Environment protection laws related to Pharma Industry.
- **Q6)** Write notes on any two:

[20]

- a) Oxidation in drug synthesis.
- b) Crystallizers used in pharmaceuticals.
- c) Stoichiometry in drug synthesis.



Total No. of Questions: 6]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

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[3957]-109

M.Pharmacy

PHARMACEUTICAL PLANT DESIGN AND OPERATIONS (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer 2 questions from Section I and 2 questions from Section II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Discuss the design, layout and operational facilities for tablets. [20]
- Q2) Explain in detail regulatory requirements of pharma facilities with reference to revised schedule M & factory act.[20]
- Q3) Explain in detail design, layout and operational facilities with services and utilities for sterile products powders ready for reconstitution.[20]

SECTION-II

- Q4) Discuss in detail designing of plant support services. [20]
- Q5) Discuss in detail design of effluent treatment plant. [20]
- Q6) Explain the design of utility services as water stream compressed air & other gases.[20]



Total No. of Questions: 8] [Total No. of Pages:1

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[3957]-115 M.Pharmacy SAFETY PHARMACOLOGY (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I & II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Q 1 & Q 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any 2 questions from the remaining in each section.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Define safety Pharmacology. What is its scope? [10]
- Q2) Enlist the regulatory requirements for the new drug safety assessment as per ICH, OECD and USFDA guidelines. [15]
- Q3) Write notes on: [15]
 - a) Analysis of safety pharmacological data.
 - b) EMEA guidelines on safety assessment of new drug.
- Q4) Give the principles and study design of acute, sub acute and chronic toxicities in pre clinical studies.[15]

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Define Pharmacovigilance. What are its objectives and functions? [10]
- *Q6)* Write notes on: [15]
 - a) Safety testing for dermatological products.
 - b) Risk benefit assessment.
- Q7) Describe the pre clinical safety studies on genotoxicity, reproductive and ocular toxicity.[15]
- **Q8)** What is adverse event monitoring during clinical trials? Discuss the data collection, reporting methods, assessment and analysis of the same. [15]



Total No. of Questions: 8]

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[3957]-206

M.Pharmacy.

(Spl. Pharmacology)

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question number 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining attempt any two questions from Section-I and two questions from Section-II.
- 2) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate book.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) Discuss the management of peptic ulcers.

[10]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

- Q2) Explain the mechanism of resistance to antibiotics. Add a note on measures to minimize the antibiotic resistance.[15]
- Q3) Explain the pharmacotherapy of congestive heart failure.
- [15]

04) Write notes on:

[15]

- a) Responsibilities of Investigator.
- b) Management of coagulation disorder.

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Discuss the process of new drug development process. Add a note on ethics in clinical trial. [10]
- **Q6)** Describe the management of asthma.

[15]

- Q7) Discuss the current concepts in the management of cancer.
- [15]

Q8) Write a note on:

[15]

- a) Renal dialysis.
- b) Immunosuppresants.

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