

Fund Equalisation Formula

Sl. No.	Criteria	Value
1	Population (Age Group: 18-23) (- <i>As per Census 2011</i>)	
2	Per Capita Income (- <i>as per 2011-12</i>)	
3	Gross Enrolment Ratio (<i>As per 2011-12</i>)	

4	Performance	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
	Improvement in GER						
	GER- All categories						
	GER- SCs						
	GER- STs						
	Gender Parity Index						
	GPI- All Categories						
	GPI- SCs						
	GPI- STs						
	Expenditure on Higher Education						
	Per Capita Expenditure	2011-12					
	Expenditure as % of NSDP (1)						
	College - Population Index*						
	Institutional Density						
	Teacher - Student Ratio						
	Research Output						
	No. of Ph.D's Produced (in thousands)						
	No. of Citations						

5	<p>Special Problems</p> <p>1. Special Problems may be highlighted by the states that they face according to terrain or problems of very special nature, if they exist in their state.</p> <p>Some suggestive problems could be:</p> <p>a) Very difficult terrain as in Ladhak, J&K</p> <p>b) Naxalite effected area</p> <p>c) Remote Tribal /Hilly Areas, etc.</p> <p>d) Areas which are prone to Vagaries of nature, Andaman & Nicobar island, Lakshadweep</p>
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Note:

1. * Population should be taken as per 2011

Census data

**2. Gender Parity Index= No. of females
enrolled/no. of males enrolled**

**3. CPI = No. of colleges (in the state) per lakh
population**

**4. Institutional density = No. of Higher educational
institutions per 1000 Sq.M.**