

पुणे विद्यापीठ

परिपत्रक क्र. १४५/२००३

विषय : एम.ए. भाग-१ व भाग-२ समाजशास्त्र विषयाच्या सुधारीत
अभ्यासक्रमाबाबत

या परिपत्रकाद्वारे सर्व संबंधितात विद्यापीठ अधिकार मंडळाने घेतलेल्या
निर्णयानुसार असे कळविण्यात येत आहे की, समाजशास्त्र विषयाच्या
एम.ए. भाग-१ व भाग-२ च्या सुधारीत अभ्यासक्रमाची अंमलबजावणी
शैक्षणिक वर्ष २००३-२००४ पासून करण्यात येणार आहे.

मा. विभागाप्रमुख, समाजशास्त्र विभाग, पुणे विद्यापीठ व पुणे
विद्यापीठाचे सर्व संलग्न महाविद्यालयाचे प्राचार्य यांना विनंती की, सदर
परिपत्रकाचा आशय सर्व संबंधितांच्या, प्राध्यापक व विद्यार्थी यांच्या
निदर्शनास आणून द्यावा.

गणेशखिंड, पुणे - ४११ ००७

जावक क्र.: सीबीएच/३०९९

दिनांक : १२/६/२००३

कुलसचिवांकरीता

M. A. SOCIOLOGY
STRUCTURE OF NEW SYLLABUS (2003 Pattern)

M. A. PART I

COMPULSORY COURSES :

Paper I Classical Sociological Tradition

Paper II Perspectives on Indian Society

OPTIONAL COURSES : (Any one from each group to be selected)

Paper III A- Ethnicity, Pluralism and Nation

OR

Paper III B- Health and Society

Paper IV A- Urban Sociology

OR

Paper IV B- Agrarian Society

M. A. PART II

COMPULSORY COURSES:

I. Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology

II. Methodology of Social Research

OPTIONAL COURSES : (Any one from each group to be selected)

Paper III A- Gender and Society

OR

Paper III B- Social Movements

Paper IV A- Development and Globalization

OR

Paper IV B- Criminology

In the syllabus sub - Committee the meeting held on 26/11/02. The following structure of post graduate Courses has been accepted and the next meeting is scheduled on 27 and 28/12/02 at 12.00

M. A. I

Compulsory courses

1. Classical Sociological Thought
2. Perspectives on Indian Society

Elective Courses

1. Ethnicity, Pluralism and Nation
2. Urban society in India
3. Rural society in India
4. -----

M. A. II

Compulsory Courses

1. Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology
2. Methodology, project Report

Elective Courses:

1. Gender and Society
2. Dut & Globalization
3. Health
4. Social movements

**M.A. PART I
COMPULSORY COURSE PAPER I
CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION
FIRST TERM**

Objectives :

1. **ORIGINS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY :
HISTORICAL, SOCIO-ECONOMIC AND
INTELLECTUAL FORCES**
 - a) Traditional Feudal Economy and Society in Europe :
Characteristics
 - b) French Revolution, Industrial Revolution, Emergence
of Capitalism and their impact on Economy and Society
 - c) The Enlightenment and its impact on thinking and
reasoning

2. **KARL MARX**
 - a) **Karl Marx** : Intellectual Background
 - b) **Marxian Dialectical Materialism as a perspective of
change** : Its features and Laws
 - c) **Historical Materialism** : Mode of Production - Basic
Structure and Superstructure - Economic
Determinism - Transformation of human society through
different stages
 - d) **Marx's Analysis of Capitalism** : Emergence and
development of industrial capitalism - Surplus Value -
Alienation
 - e) **Marx's views on the State** : the state in relation to
classes - future of the state after proletariat revolution
 - f) **Theory of Ideology** : Ideology as a part of
Superstructure and its role.

3. EMILE DURKHEIM

- A) **Emile Durkheim** : Intellectual Background
- B) **Contribution to the Methodology of Sociology** :
Sociology as a science- Concept of Social Fact-
Methodological Rules
- C) **Division of Labour** : Mechanical and Organic Solidarity
- Explanation of increasing division of labour in terms
of its causes and function - Pathological forms of
division of labour
- D) **Theory of Suicide** : Review of earlier theories of
Suicide - Suicide Rate - Types of suicide and his
distinctive sociological interpretation of Suicide.
- E) **Theory of Religion** : Refutation of earlier theories of
religion- Durkheim's definition of 'Religion' - Analysis
of Totemism as the most elementary religion and its
sociological interpretation - Religious Rituals, their types
and social function.

SECOND TERM

4. MAX WEBER

- a) **Max Weber** : Intellectual Background
- b) **Contribution to the Methodology of Social
Sciences** : Distinctive nature of Social Realities -
Sociology as an interpretative science - Concepts of
'Verstehen' and 'Ideal Types'
- c) **Theory of Social Action** : Concept of Social Action
- Types of Social Action - Interpretive
understanding of Social Action
- d) **Views on Capitalism** : Analysis of Modern
Capitalism - Protestant Ethic and Emergence of
Capitalism. Role of ideas and values in social
change

- e) **Theory of Authority** : Power and Authority - Types of Authority: bases of their legitimacy, their distinctive features, methods of administration and modes of inheritance
 - f) **Concept of Bureaucracy** : Capitalism, growing rationalism and emergence of modern bureaucracy - Weberian Model of Bureaucracy - Relationship between political leaders and bureaucracy.
 - g) **Concept of 'Status', 'Class' and 'Power'** : Meaning
- 5. VILFREDO PARETO**
- a) **Vilfredo Pareto** : Intellectual Background
 - b) **Contribution to Methodology** : Logico-experimental Method
 - c) **Logical and non-logical action** : classification - explanation of non-logical actions in terms of his theory of Residues and Derivations.
 - d) **Classification of Residues and Derivations**
 - e) **Theory of Social Change** : Elites and masses - Types of elites - Circulation of elites.

Essential Readings :

Aron, Raymond (1965-67) : Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I and II, Penguin.

Coser, Lewis A. (1977) : Masters of Sociological Thought, Harcourt Base, New York.

Fletcher, Ronald (1971) : The Making of Sociology, Vol. I and II, Michael Joseph Ltd., London

Giddens, Anthony (1971) : Capitalism and Modern Social Theory - An analysis of the writings of Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press

Hughes, John A., Martin, Peter J. and Sharrock, W. W. (1995) : Understanding Classical Sociology - Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Sage, London.

Morrison, Ken (1995) : Marx, Durkheim and Weber-Formations of Modern Sociological Thought, Sage, New Delhi.

Nisbet (1966) : The Sociological Tradition, Heinemann Educational Books Ltd., London.

Parsons, Talcott (1937-1949) : The Structure of Social Action, Vol. I and II, McGraw Hill, New York

Yakhot, O. Spirin A. (1971) : The Basic Principles of Dialectical and Historical Materialism, Progress Publishers, Mosco.

Zeitlin, Irving M. (1969) : Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory, Prentice - Hall, New Delhi.

PART - I
COMPULSORY PAPER - I
PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY

Objectives :

1. To acquaint the students to the continuities and contradictions in Indian society through centuries.
2. To trace the history of ideas related to the analysis of Indian society.
3. To analyze the role of colonialism, democracy, nation-building and globalization in shaping contemporary, Indian society.

FIRST TERM

I. The colonial context of studies in India :

- (a) Colonial Ethnography
- (b) Census
- (c) District Gazeteers
- (d) Imperial Gazeteers

II. Perspectives to the study of Indian society :

- (a) Indological/Textual, (Ghurye, Dumont)
- (b) Structural-Functional, (M. N. Srinivas, S. C. Dube)
- (c) Synthesis of textual and field view, (Irawati Karve, A. M. Shah)
- (d) Dialectical, (D. P. Mukherji, A. R. Desai, R.K. Mukherjee)
- (e) Civilizational, (N. K. Bose, Surjit Sinha)
- (f) Subaltern (Hardiman and Ambedkar)

III. Impact of Colonialism on Indian Society :

- (a) Economic nationalism
- (b) Rise of modern institutions and the middle class
- (c) Role of education, law and elites
- (d) Social reform and non-Brahmin movement
- (e) Hindu-Muslim politics

SECOND TERM

**IV. Transitions in contemporary India : Meaning
Nature and Trends**

- (a) Nationalism
- (b) Pluralism
- (c) Secularism
- (d) Revivalism
- (e) Globalization

V. Recent Changes in Social Institutions :

- (a) Changing nature of marriage, family and women's issues : Personal law, property and adoption rights.
- (b) Changing nature of caste : Caste as a political category and Caste as an interest group
- (c) Adivasis : Social Stratification and Religion
- (d) Democratic decentralization and Panchayati Raj : Empowerment of Co-option?

VI. Contemporary Social Movement :

- (a) Women's
- (b) Caste
- (c) Adivasis

Prescribed Books

1. Ahuja Ram, 1999, Society in India, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
2. Baxi Upendra and Parekh Bhiku, 1996, Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, Sage, New Delhi.
3. Chatterjee Partha, The Nation and its fragments, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
4. Desai, A. R., 1966, Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
5. Dhanagare, D. N., 1993, Indian Society : Themes And Perspectives, Rawat publications, Jaipur.

6. Dube S. C., 1967, *The Indian Village*, Routledge, London.
7. Dube S. C., 1973, *Social Sciences in a Changing society*, Lucknow University Press, Lucknow.
8. Fuller, C. J. 1997, *Caste Today*, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
9. Singh Yogendra, 1973, *Modernization of Indian Tradition*, Thomson Press, Delhi.
10. Srinivas M. N., *Social Change in Modern India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
11. Vivek P. S., 2002, *Sociological perspectives and Indian Sociology*, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

Recommended books

1. Ahmad Imtiaz, Ghosh Partha and Reifield Helmut, (ed.), 2000, *Pluralism and Equality, Values in Indian society and politics*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
2. Ahmad Aijaz, 2000, *Globalization and Nationalism*, University of Pune, Pune.
3. Beteille Andre, 1991, 1997, *Society and politics in India, Essays in a comparative perspectives*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
4. Brass Pual, 1990, *The politics of India Since Independence*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
5. Chaterjee Searale Mary and Sharma Ursula, (ed), 1994, *Contextualising Caste*, Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.
6. Das Veena (ed), 1990, *Mirrors of Violence : Communités, Riots and Survivors in South Asia*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
7. Das Veena, (ed), 2003, *Oxford India Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

8. Das Veena, 1995, *Critical Events, An Anthropological Perspective on Contemporary India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
9. Desai A. R., 1986, *Relevance of the Marxist Approach to the Study of Indian Society*, in Oomen T. K., Mukherji Partha, (ed), 1986, *Indian Sociology, Reflections and Introspection*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
10. Desai, A. R. (ed), 1985, *Caste and Communal Violence in Independent India*, C. G. Shah Memorial Trust Publication, Bombay.
11. Engineer, Asghar Ali, 1984, *Communal Riots In Post-Independence India*, Sangam Books, Hyderabad.
12. Guha R., 1998, *A Subaltern Studies Reader*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
13. Kumar Radha, *The History of Doing, Kali for Women*, New Delhi.
14. Ludden 2000, *Critique of Subaltern Studies*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
15. Mahajan, Gurpreet 1998, *Democracy, Difference and Social Justice*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
16. Omvedt Gail, 1994, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
17. Oomen T. K., 1990, *State and Society in India, Studies in Nation-Building*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
18. Oomen T. K., Mukherji Partha (ed), 1986, *Indian Sociology–Reflections and Introspection*; Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
19. Pathy Jagannath, 1988, *Ethnic Minorities in the Processes of Development*; Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
20. Robb Peter, *Dalit Movements and the Meaning of Labour in India*, 1993, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

21. Said, E. W. 1985, *Orientalism*; Penguin, Harmondsworth.
22. Sarkar Sumit, 1997, *Writing Social History*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
23. Sathyamurthy, T. N., 1994, *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*; Oxford University Press, Oxford.
24. Shah Ghanashyam, (ed), 2001, *Dalit Identity and Politics*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
25. Sharma Ursula, 2002, *Caste*; Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
26. Singh K. S., (ed) 1983, *Tribal Movements in India*, Vol. 1 and 2; Manohar, New Delhi.
27. Thapar Romila, 1987, *Cultural Transaction and Early India : Tradition and Patronage*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
28. Vanaik Achin, 1997, *Communalism Contested — Religion, Modernity and Secularization*; Vistaar Publications, Delhi.

PART I
OPTIONAL COURSE—PAPER III A
Ethnicity, Pluralism and Nation

Objectives :

1. To introduce the concept of cultural diversity and pluralism.
2. To sensitize the students to a rethinking of social categories like the nation, nation-state and homogeneous national culture.
3. To address the question of resurgence of ethnic identities all over the world in the context of globalization.

First Term

I. Concept and theories of ethnicity :

- (a) Perspectives on ethnicity- i) Structural- functional, ii) Marxist and Neo-Marxist iii) Post-Modernist
- b) Concepts and Processes that are expected to subsume ethnicity- modernity, nationalism and globalization.
- c) Concepts and Processes that are subsumed by ethnicity- caste, class and gender

II. Cultural Diversity in comparative perspective :

- a) Pluralism and multiculturalism : Meaning and Nature
- b) Resurgence of ethnic consciousness and identity in multicultural societies
- c) Globalization and Multicultural societies

III. Nation-State and Ethnicity :

- a) Historical and social background of the emergence of Nation
- b) Nations and Nation-State
- c) The emergence of Nationalism and its defining features
- d) Nationalism and ethnicity
- e) Ethnic assimilation in comparative perspective

Second Term**III. Colonialism, decolonization and the emergence of the nation-states in Asia and Africa**

- a) Ethnic conflicts in the third world
- b) The question of reconceptualizing the dominant model of the Nation-state

IV. The Indian context :

- a) The nature of cultural diversity in India
- b) The emergence of nationalism in India
- c) Dealing with ethnic conflicts
- d) Ethnic (sub-national) movements

VI. Nation-building in India

- a) National identity
- b) Accommodating Pluralism and Secularism
- c) Problems in nation-building- Case studies on Jharkhand, Punjab and Bodoland.

Prescribed Books

1. Aijaz Ahmed, 1996, Lineages of the Present; Tulika, Delhi. P. 1-43, 44-72, 73-132.
2. Aijaz Ahmed, 1999, Globalization and Nationalism; Deptt. of Sociology, University of Pune, Pune.
3. Brass Paul, 1991, Ethnicity and Nationalism; Sage Publications New Delhi.
4. Civil Society Special issue, 2001, Sociological Bulletin, Vol.50, No.2, ISS, New Delhi.
5. Cohn Bernard.
6. Comaroff, John L., 1996; Ethnicity, Nationalism and the Politics of Difference in an Age of Revolution, in Wilmsen Edwin N. (ed) 1996, The Politics of Difference, University of Chicago Press, Chicago and London.

7. Eriksen Thomas Hylland, 1993, *Ethnicity and Nationalism—Anthropological Perspectives*; Pluto Press, London.
8. Joppke Christian and Lukes Steven (ed), 1999, *Multicultural Questions*, Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford. p. 1 to 26, p. 27 to 43
9. Judge Paramjit S., 2000, *Religion, Caste and Communalism in Punjab*, *Sociological Bulletin*, Vol. 51, No. 2, ISS, New Delhi.
10. Kimlika, Y., *Multiculturalism*,
11. Anderson Benedict, *Imagined Communities : Reflections on Origin and Spread of Nationalism*, Verso, London, p. 1-206.
12. Chatterjee Partha, 1993, *The Nation and its Fragments : Colonial and Post-colonial Histories*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
13. Oomen T. K., 1996, *Reconciling Equality and Pluralism*, *Sociological Bulletin*, Vol. 45, No. 2, ISS, New Delhi.
14. Oomen T. K., 1997, *Citizenship, Nationality and Ethnicity*, Polity Press, Cambridge.
15. Smith Anthony, 1971, *Theories of Nationalism*, Lookworth, London.
16. Stone John, Dennis Routledge, (ed), 2003, *Race and Ethnicity, Comparative and Theoretical Approaches*, Blackwell, Oxford.
17. Hobsbawm Eric and Terence Rangers (ed), 1983, *The Invention of Tradition*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Recommended Books

- 1) Aijaz Ahmad, 2000, Reader on Nation; Left Word, New Delhi.
- 2) Baruah Sanjeeb, Sage.
- 3) Brass Paul, 1990, The Politics of India Since Independence; Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
- 4) Das Veena, (ed) 2003, Oxford Companion to Sociology and Anthropology; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5) Devalle Susana B., 1992, Discourses of Ethnicity, Culture and Protest In Jharkhand; Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 6) Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XXIX, No. 28, July 9, 1994, Special issue on Secularism, Modernity and State.
- 7) Enloe Cynthia, (ed) 1989, Bananas, Beaches and Bases— Making Feminist Sense Of International Politics; University of California Press, Berkeley.
- 8) Mahajan, Gurpreet, 1998, Democracy, Difference and Social Justice; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 9) Pathy Jagannath, 1988, Ethnic Minorities in the Process of Development; Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 10) Sathyamurthy T. N., State and Nation in the Context of Social Change; 1996, Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford.
- 11) Subramaniam, Narendra, 1999, Ethnicity and Populist Mobilisation, Political Parties, Citizens and Democracy in South India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Optional Paper III B (2003 Pattern)

HEALTH AND SOCIETY
(SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH)

Objectives :

- 1) To sensitize students to Health related issues, and problems.
- 2) To provide term with conceptual tools necessary to understand health and society.

FIRST TERM

- I. a) Basic Concepts :**
- i. Its aim and scope
 - ii. Four dimension of Health
 - iii. Health and its relation to social institutions.
- b) Health :**
- i. Community health
 - ii. Health and Hygiene
 - iii. Diet and Nutrition.
- c) Diseases :**
- i. Medical and Social definition of sickness and illness.
 - ii. Natural history of disease.
 - iii. Man and his environment - social.
 - iv. Social etiology
 - v. Social epidemiology
 - vi. Ecology of disease.

II. Family and its relationship :

Health care in Family

- i. Approach to Health care in nuclear and extended family.
- ii. Pattern of child-rearing
- iii. Significance of family in context of illness
- iv. Family relationship - emotions and anxiety
- v. The sick role and patient role.

III. Hospital as a social organization :

- a) Types of Hospital —
 - i. General Hospital,
 - ii. Specialty hospitals,
 - iii. Sanatoria, dispensaries,
 - iv. Teaching and
 - v. Corporate hospitals,
- b) Functions of hospitals -
 - i. Co-ordination and supervision.
 - ii. Medical/social service.
- c) Hospital as a community organization.

IV. Treatments to Health :

- i. Historical development of medicines in India-structural aspect. Medieval period.
- ii. Ayurvedic system
- iii. Siddha medicine
- iv. Unani system
- v. Folk medicine
- vi. Home-remedies
- vii. Yogic and Tantrik medicine
- viii. Homeopathy
- x. Allopathic
- xi. Naturopathy

SECOND TERM

V. Community Health :

- i. Concept - community health problems in India
- ii. Concept of integrated health services
- iii. Primary Health Centers - their organization and functioning.
- iv. Implementation and utilization of health programme in urban communities.

VI. Health care and social Institutions :

- i. Family.
- ii. State
- iii. Market
- iv. Community.

VII. Health as a fundamental right :

- i. Health policies of the Government of India.
- ii. Financing of Health care
- iii. Health Insurance
- iv. Drugs.
 - i. Manufacturing, ii. Distribution and iii. Price (WTO, IPR & manufacturing of essential drugs and their distribution in India.)
- v. Food and drug adulteration
- vi. Medical council and Indian Medical Association—Consumer protection and the Government.

VIII. Rehabilitation -

- i. The concept
- ii. Principles of rehabilitation
- iii. Rehabilitation agencies—State and Private
- iv. Rights of the handicapped
- v. Care of the handicapped.
- vi. Role of family in rehabilitation
- vii. Role of family in taking care of the handicapped

IX. Role of mass media in the promotion of health

Essential Readings

- 1) Coe Rodney M. 1970, Sociology of Medicine, MCGraw Hill, New York

- 2) Cockerham, William C., 1997 - Medical Sociology; Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 3) Cockerham William Co, 1997 - Reading in Medical Sociology; Prentice Hall, New Jersey
- 4) Dasgupta, R., 1993 - Nutritional Planning in India; NIN, Hydrabad
- 5) Nayar, K. R. 1998 - Ecology and Health : A System approach; APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
- 6) Venkataratnam, R., 1979, Medical Sociology in an Indian Setting : Madeas, Macmillan.
- 7) Nagal Madhu - Sociology of Medical Profession - Rawat Publication.
- 8) Imran Qadeer (1985), Health Service System : An Expression of Socio-economic Inequalities Social action, Vol. 35/197/85
- 9) Imran Qadeer (2000), Health care system is Transtines III India - Part I-The Indian experience - Journal of Public Health Medicine, Vol. 22, No. 22 No. PP 2.5-32.
- 10) Banerjee D. (1985), Health and Family Planning Services in India-An Epidemiological Socio-Cultural and Political Analysis and a Perspective; Lok Pakash, N. Delhi
- 11) Veerananarayan Kelhineni (1991), Political Economy of State Intervention in Health Care : EPW Oct. 1991.
- 12) Rosengeren William R.- Sociology of Medicine Diversity, Conflict and Change (1980), Harpen and Row Publishers (Whole book)
- 13) Tucket David (ed), An Introduction to Medical Sociology, (1976), Tavistock Publication, London Pg. 1-27, 79-100, 109-145.
- 14) Tuckett David, J. M. Kaufert, "An Introduction to Medical Sociology" - 1978, Tavistock Publication, London Pg. 9-21 135-152.
- 15) Oomman T. K., Doctors and Nurses - A study is occupational structure; 1978, McMillan, New Delhi

PART - I
OPTIONAL COURSE PAPER IV-A
URBAN SOCIOLOGY

Objectives :

1. To introduce different theoretical perspectives to analyze the urban phenomena
2. To highlight the special features of the urbanization in the South.
3. To scrutinize the impact of globalization on the urban processes with special reference to India.

First Term

I Classical Sociological Traditions :

- a) Emile Durkheim- Division of labour, The moral basis of the community
- b) Marx and Engels- The town, the country and the capitalist mode of production
- c) Max Weber- The city and the growth of rationality
- d) Tonnies- The dichotomy model.

II The Urban as an ecological community :

- a) The traditional ecological approach of Park, Burgess and Mckenzie.
- b) Spatial models inspired by this school-Concentric Zone model, Sector model, multi-nuclear model.
- c) Critiques of this approach- Nihan, Walter Firey.
- d) Neo-ecological school and its critique.

III The Urban as a cultural form :

- a) Simmel- the metropolis and mental life
- b) Wirth- urbanism as a way of life
- c) Redfield- the rural- urban continuum
- d) Gans- urban villages
- e) Abu- Lughod Janet- ruralisation of the city

IV Pre-industrial cities

- a) Various dimensions of social structure- demographic and ecological, Social dimensions- marriage, family, religious
- b) Various dimensions of social structure- economic, political.
- c) Brief sketches of traditional cities e.g. Roman cities, Muslim cities, etc.

Second Term**V. The urban as a socio-spatial system :**

- a) Robert Dahl
- b) Rex
- c) Moors

VI. Political economy and the urban question :

- a) Harvey- Space and the problem of over-accumulation'
- b) Jean Lojkine- Role of property capital'
- c) Enzo Mingione- 'Territory, productive and class system'
- d) Manuel Castells- Urban as a special unit of collective consumption'

VII The process of urbanization :

- a) Nature of world urbanization
- b) Third world urbanization- causes and features
- c) Impact of third world urbanization

VIII Urbanization in India :

- a) Brief sketch from 1901
- b) Impact of British Colonialism
- c) Growth after independence
- d) Migration- Regional and Primary

IX Social Implications of Indian urbanization :

- a) Class and occupational structure
- b) Impact on social stratification (caste, class and gender) and family

- c) Impact on religion, growth of communalism in urban centres
- d) The role of the state and planning agencies, decay of old cities
- e) Case studies of some cities like Chandigarh, Delhi, Mumbai, Pune, Kolkata and others

X Globalization and cities :

- a) Concept of global city
- b) Postmodernism and the analysis of city
- c) Works of Harvey, Jameson, Bourdieu, Giddens and others.

Prescribed Books

1. Castells Manuel, 1977 : The Urban Question- A Marxist Approach; Edward Arnold, London.
2. Gilbert Alan and Gugler Josef, (ed), 2000, Cities, Poverty and Development- Urbanization in the Third World; Oxford University Press, Oxford.
3. Gugler Josef, (ed), 1988, The Urbanization of the Third World, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
4. Gugler Josef, (ed.), 1996, The Urban Transformation of the Developing World; Oxford University Press, Oxford.
5. Gugler Josef, (ed.) 1997, Cities in the Developing World; Oxford University Press, New York.
6. Gugler Josef, 1996, Urbanization of Africa, South of the Sahara : New Identities in Conflict; in Gugler Josef, (ed.) 1996, Cities in the Developing World; Oxford University Press, New York.
7. Hall Tim, 1998, Urban Geography; Routledge, London.
8. Kosambi Meera, 1994, Urbanisation and Urban Development in India, ICSSR, New Delhi.
9. Pickvance C. G., (ed), 1976, Urban Sociology, Critical Essays; Methuen, London.
10. Ramachandran R., 1991, Urbanization and Urban Systems in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

11. Rao M. S. A. (ed.), 1974, *Urban Sociology in India*, Orient Longman, Hyderabad.
12. Saunders Peter, 1981, *Social Theory and the Urban Question*; Hutchionnson, London.
13. Sjoberg Giddeon, 1960, *The Pre-industrial City*; The Free Press, Illinois.

Recommended Books

- 1) Das Veena, (ed), 2003, *Oxford India Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2) Dupont Verinique, et al, 2000, *Delhi, Urban Space and Human Destinies*; Manohar, RII, Delhi.
- 3) Gillbert, Alan, 1982, *Cities, Poverty, and Development, Urbanization in the Third World*; Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 4) Harvey David, 1989, *The Urban Experience*, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.
- 5) Lebas, Elizabeth, (1982) *Urban and Regional Sociology in Advanced Industrial Societies : A Decade of Marxist and Critical Perspectives*; vol. 30, No 1, spring.
- 6) Safa Helen, (ed), 1982, *Towards a Political Economy of Urbanization in the Third World Countries*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 7) Walton John, 2000, *Urban Sociology*, in Quah Stella and Sales Arnold (ed), 2000, *The International Handbook of Sociology*; Sage, London.
- 8) Smith Michael Peter, 1984, *Transnational Urbanism, Locating Globalization*; Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.
- 9) Smith Michael Peter, 1984, *Cities in Transformation, Class, Capital and the State*, Vol. 26, *Urban affairs Annual Review*; Sage, Beverly Hills.
- 10) Sassen Saskia, 1988, *The Mobility of Labour and Capital*; Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Optional Paper IV B (2003 Pattern)
AGRARIAN SOCIETY IN INDIA

Objectives :

1. To introduce students to different approaches to the study of Agrarian Social structure.
2. To understand the contemporary agrarian society and issues in relevant context.

FIRST TERM

- I. Concept of agrarian social structure.
 - i. Structure peasantry as an analytical category.
 - ii. Basic feature of agrarian society.
 - iii. Tribal and Peasant society.
- II. Approaches to the study of agrarian and peasant society
 - i. Specific economic typology approach.
 - ii. Ethnographic cultural traditions
 - iii. Duesenberrian functionalist approach
 - iv. Marxist class, analysis approach Marx on Peasants
- III. Stages of development of agrarian societies.
 - i. Feudalism as a social formation
 - ii. Debate on the nature of feudalism
 - iii. Transition from feudalism to capitalism
 - iv. The notions of "Pre-capitalist economic formations".
 - v. Asiatic modes of production
 - vi. Karl Marx's writing on Indian rural society.
- IV. a) The evolution of agrarian in India-
 - i. The Mughal era,
 - ii. Changes introduced by British,
 - iii. Land settlement patterns,
 - iv. Systems of revenue administration.

- b) Growth of commercial agriculture,
 - i. Its social consequences with special reference to rural credit.
 - ii. Land alienation
 - iii. Growing agrarian discontent and revolts.
- c) De-industrialization thesis -
 - i. arguments of nationalists and counter arguments of imperialists,
 - ii. D- Thorner's contribution to the thesis.

SECOND TERM

- VI. a) Problems of tenancy,
 - i. Land reforms-
 - ii. Abolition of absentee land landlordism and
 - iii. Land ceilings, impact of agrarian legislature on rural social structure and
 - iv. Land relations since Independence.
- b) Current Socio-Economic problems in rural India :
 - i. Land holdings,
 - ii. Landless - laboures,
 - iii. Bonded - Labour and Rural poverty,
- VII Experiments in directed change :- in Indian rural society and their critical appraisal :
 - i. De-centralization of Power - Panchayati Raj.
 - ii. Community Development Programmes
 - iii. Co-operative institutions for Credit, marketing inputs and rural industrialization and their performance.
 - iv. HYV programmes :- The Green Revolution and its out come.
 - v. Poverty Alleviation programme integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP)
National Rural Employment Programme (NREP) Employment

Guarantee Scheme (EGS).

VIII. Rural Women

- i. Role of Women in rural development
- ii. Their contribution to productive labour.
- iii. Domestic work as a productive work.
- iv. Rural women and state directed schemes
- v. Panchayat Raj means for rural women empowerment.

IX. Peasant Mobilisation :

- i. Major agrarian movements in India in the Pre-independence period.
- ii. Assessment of the Telengana Movement.
- iii. Teebhang movement
- iv. Gandhian movement
- v. The Naxalite movement
- vi. The peasant movement in the 1980's and the politics of the "Farm lobby".
- vii. Globalization and its impact on Indian agriculture. Transnationals and agriculture.
- viii. Impact of WTO
- ix. Problems of environmental degradation
- x. Contract farming
- xi. Expert oriented farming
- xii. Water and agriculture - Irrigation management practices.

Reference:-

- 1) Beteille Andre : Six Essays in Comparative Sociology; OUP, New Delhi 1974, PP 1-50
- 2) Thorner Daniel and Thorner Alice- Land and Labour in India - Asia Publications, Bombay, 1962. Whole book.
- 3) Desai A. R., Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1977 PP- 269-336, 425, 527.
- 4) Dhanagare D. N.; Peasant Movement in India; Oxford University Press New Delhi, 1988 PP 1-25 88-155.

- 5) Omvedi Gail - Land, Caste and Politics; Department of Political Science, Delhi University Delhi 1987, Introduction only.
- 6) Shanin, T., Peasantry - Delineation of Sociological concept - Journal of Peasant Studies, 1991, PP 180-200
- 7) Agrawal Bina, Who sows? Who Reaps? Institute of Economic Growth, - New Delhi, Full Booklet.
- 8) Beteille Andre; Caste, Class, and Power; California University Press, 1971, PP 185-226
- 9) Desai A. R. : Agrarian Struggles in India after Independence, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1986, PP. 129-189
- 10) Mencher J., Problems of Analysing Rural Class Structure; Economic and Political weekly, Vol. IX, 1974.
- 11) Thorner A.; "Semi-Fundalism on Capitalism Contemporary in India", Economic and Political weekly, Vol. X, Nos 49-51, Dec. 11 & 23 (1982)
- 12) Nanda M.: Transnationalism of Third World States and Undoing of Green Revolution, Economic and Political Weekly, Jan - 23- 1995.
- 13) Sathyamurthy, T. V. Industry and Agriculture in India Since Independence; Vol.2, OUP, New Delhi-1996 - Entire Volume.
- 14) Jan Zsary, Indus eat al, The State of World Rural Poverty : An Inquiry into its causes and consequences; New York Univ. Press, 1992, Pg. 1-50
- 15) Joan Macher - Conflicts and Contradictions in the Green Revolution, The Case of Tamilnadu EW, Vol IX (1974), PP 1545, 1503.

M. A. PART II
COMPULSORY PAPER - I (2003 Pattern)
THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY

1. INTRODUCTION

Meaning of Theory - Nature of Sociological Theory -
Levels of theorisation in Sociology - Relationship
between theory and research.

2. STRUCTURAL - FUNCTIONALISM

The idea of Social Structure : A. R. Radcliffe Brown
The problems of Role analysis : S. F. Nadel;
Structural aspects and Functional dimensions of Social
system : T. Parsons;
Codification, critique and reformulation of functional
analysis : R. K. Merton;
Neofunctionalism : J. Alexander.

3. CONFLICT THEORY

Dialectics of Conflict : R. Dahrendrof
Functional analysis of conflict : L. Coser
Conflict and Social Change: R. Collins

4. CRITICAL THEORY AND NEO-MARXISM

The Frankfurt School,
Lifeworld and system : J. Habermass
Structural Marxism : L. Althusser
Hegemony : A. Gramsci

**5. STRUCTURALISM AND POST-
STRUCTURALISM**

Human nature and cultural diversity : C. Levi-Strauss;
Structuralism and post-structuralism : M. Foucault

6. INTERACTIONIST PERSPECTIVE

Symbolic interactionism : G. H. Mead and H. Blumer
Phenomenological Sociology : A. Schutz
Social construction of reality : P. Berger and T. G.
Luckmann, Ethnomethodology : H. Garfinkel

7. RECENT TRENDS IN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORISING

Structuration : Anthony Giddens

Habitus and Field : Bourdieu

Postmodernism - Semiotics - Convergence.

Prescribed Books

Alexander, Jeffrey C. (1987) : Twenty Lectures : Sociological Theory since World War II, Columbia University Press, New York

Bottomore, Tom (1984): The Frankfurt School, Chester, Sussex : Ellis Horwood and London : Tavistock Publications

Craib, Ian (1992) : Modern Social Theory : From Parsons to Habermas, Second Edition, Harvester Press, London

Collins, Randall (1997) : Sociological Theory, (Indian Edition) Rawat, Jaipur

Giddens, Anthony (1983) : Central Problems in Social Theory : Action, Structure and Contradiction in Social Analysis, Macmillan, London

Kuper, Adam (1975) : Anthropologists and Anthropology : The British School, 1922-72, Penguin Books, Harmondsworth, Middlesex

Kuper, Adam and Jessica Kuper (eds.) (1996) : The Social Encyclopaedia, Routledge, London and New York

Ritzer, George (1992) : Sociological Theory (Third edition), New York, McGraw Hill.

Sturrock, John (ed.) (1979) : Structuralism and Since : From Levi Strauss to Derrida, Oxford University Press, Oxford,

Turner Jonathan S. (1995) : The structure Of Sociological Theory (Fourth edition), Rawat, Jaipur

Zeitlin, Irving M. (1998) : Rethinking Sociology : A Critique of Contemporary Theory, Rawat, Jaipur

Recommended Books

- Adams Bert and Sydie R. A. (2001) : Sociological Theory; Vistar Publications, N. Delhi.
- Giddens Anthony and Turner Jonathan Edt. (1987) : Social Theory Today; Polity Press, UK.
- Seidman Steven (1994) : Contested Knowledge- Social Theory in the Postmodern Era; Blackwell Publishers, UK.
- Smart Barry (1985) : Michel Foucault, Routledge, London.
- Callicinos (1987) : Making History : Agency, Structure and Change in Social Theory; Polity Press, UK.
- Cassell Philip Edt. (1993) : The Giddens Reader, Macmillan, UK.
- Hoy David Edt. (1986) : Foucault : A Critical Reader, Basil Blackwell, UK.
- Turner Bryan S. Edt. (1996) : The Blackwell Companion to Social Theory, Blackwell, UK.
- Ransome Paul (1992) : Antonio Gramsci : A New Introduction; Harvester Wheatsheaf, NY.
- Doshi S. L. (2002) : Adhunikata, Uttar-Adhunikata Evam Nava-Samajshastriya Siddhant, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

M. A. Part - II (Compulsory)
Methodology of Social Research

Objectives: 1) This course plan aims to provide exposure to the fundamentals of various research techniques and methods (both quantitative and qualitative). 2) It tries to build upon the basic assumptions in adopting different methodologies for different kinds of research themes. 3) It also gives an exposure to the fieldwork at the post-graduate level and is intended to enhance the research interests and inculcate the spirit of inquiry among the students, who may be motivated to continue higher studies in research.

FIRST TERM

I) Philosophical Roots of Social Research :

- a) Issues in the theory of epistemology : Forms and types of knowledge, validation of knowledge.
- b) Philosophy of Social Science Enlightenment, reason and science, Cartesian philosophy, structure of scientific revolution (Kuhn).
- c) Positivism and its critique : Contributions of Comte, Durkheim and Popper to positivism : Critique of positivism : Feyerabend and Giddens.
- d) Hermeneutics : Inductive analysis, experiments in ethno-methodology, 'because of' and 'in order to' motive in phenomenological sociology.
- e) Methodological Perspectives in Sociological Theory

II) Nature of Social Reality and Approaches :

- a) Positivism, Phenomenology, Ethnomethodology and Symbolic Interactionism, Interpretative understanding,
- b) Logic of inquiry in Social Science research.
- c) Inductive and Deductive
- d) Theory building.
- e) Objectivity / value neutrality.
- f) Hypothesis.

III) Quantitative methods and survey research :

- a) Assumptions of quantification and measurement.
- b) Survey techniques.
- c) Operationalisation and research design.
- d) Sampling design.
- e) Questionnaire construction, interview schedule.
- f) Measurement and scaling.
- g) Reliability and Validity.
- h) Limitations of survey.

SECOND TERM

IV) Statistics in Social research :

- a) Measures of central tendency : Mean, median, mode.
- b) Measures of Dispersion : Standard/Quartile Deviation.
- c) Correlational Analysis : Tests of Significance and Covariance.
- d) Regression Analysis.

V) Qualitative Research Techniques :

- a) Techniques and methods of qualitative research.
- b) Participant observation / ethnography, interview guide.

- c) Case study method.
- d) Content analysis.
- e) Oral history, narratives.
- f) Life history, narratives.
- g) Methodological dilemmas and issues in qualitative research.
- h) Encounters and experience in field work.
- i) Qualitative data format and processing.
- j) Validity and reliability in qualitative research.

VI) Methods and use of macro-statistics and secondary sources (Durkheim's suicide, Census, NSS).

- a) Triangulation - Mixing qualitative and quantitative methodologies.
- b) Social research, Action Research, Participatory Research.
- c) Application of Computers in Social research (e.g. SPSS).
- d) Ethical Issues in Social Research.

VII) Project Report (For regular students).

Essential Readings :

1. Bailey, Kenneth D. : Methods in Social Research, MacMillan Publishing Co, New York, 1982.
2. Barnes, John A.; Who should Know What? Social Science, Privacy and Ethics; Harmondsworth : Penguin, 1979.
3. Black, James A. and Champion, Dean J. ; Method and Issues in Social Research; John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 1976.
4. Bleicher, M. ; The Hermeneutic Imagination, Routledge and Kegan Paul, London, 1988 (Introduction only).
5. Bose, Pradip Kumar; Research Methodology; ICSSR, New Delhi, 1995.
6. Bryman, Alan; Quality and Quantity in Social Research; Unwin Hyman, London, 1988.

7. D. A. de Vaus; *Surveys in Social Research*; George Relen and Unwin, London; 1986.
8. Denzin, Norman, K. : *Handbook of Qualitative Research*; Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1994.
9. Dwivedi, R. S. ; *Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences*; MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi; 1997.
10. Giddens, A; *Positivism and Sociology*; Heinemann, London; 1974.
11. Goode, W. J. and Hatt, P. K.; *Methods in Social Research*; McGraw - Hill Book Co. Inc., Singapur, 1987.
12. Hall, David and Hall, Irene: *Practical Social Research Project work in the Community*; MacMillan Press Ltd., London, 1996.
13. Hughes, John; *The Origins of Scientific Sociology*; Tavistock, London, 1970.
14. Irvine, J. I. Miles and J. Evans (eds.), *Demystifying Social Statistics*, Pluto Press, London, 1979.
15. Kothari, C.R.; *Research Methodology - Methods and Techniques*; Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi; 1985.
16. Lewin, Jack : *Elementary Statistics in Social Research*; Harper and Row Publishers, New york; 1973.
17. Madge, John; *The Origins of Scientific Sociology*; Tavistock, London; 1970.
18. Marsh, Catherene; *Exploring Data*; Polity Press, Cambridge, 1988.
19. Moser, C. A. and Kalton, C.; *Survey Methods in Social Investigation*; Heinemann, London; 1971.
20. Punch, Keith; *Introduction to Social Research*; Sage Publications, London, 1986.
21. Seltiz, C. and M. Jahoda, et. al.; *Research Methods in social Relations*; Methuen & Co. Ltd., U.S.A.; 1965.
22. Srinivas M. N. and A. M. Shah; *Field Worker and the Field*; Oxford, New Delhi; 1979.

References :

1. Beteille A., and T. N. Madan; Encounter and Experience : Personal Accounts of Fieldwork; Vikas Publishing House; New Delhi; 1975.
2. Fayeraband, Pual; Against Method : Outline of an Anarchistic Theory of Knowledge; Humanities Press, London; 1975.
3. Hawthorne, Geoffrey; Enlightenment and Despair : A History of Sociology; Cambridge University Press, Cambridge; 1976.
4. Kuhn, T. S; The Structure of Social Scientific Revolutions; The University of Chicago Press, London; 1970.
5. Lessnoff, Michael; The Structure of Social Science; George Allen & Unwin Ltd., London; 1976.
6. Mukherjee, P. N.; (eds.), Methodology of Social Research : Dilemmas and Perspectives; Sage Publications, New Delhi; 2000.
7. Nagel, Ernest; The Structure of Social Action; MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi; 1984.
8. Popper, K.; The Logic of Scientific Discovery; Routledge, London; 1999.
9. Shipman, Martin; The Limitations of Social Research; Longman, London; 1988.
10. Sjoberg, Gideon and Roger Nett; Methodology of Social Research; Rawat Publications, Jaipur; 1997.
11. Smelser, Neil J.; Comparative Methods in Social Science.
12. Weber, Max; Methodology of Social Science; Free Press, Glencoe; 1949.
13. Young, Pauline V. and C. P. Schimtd; Scientific Social Surveys and Research; Prentice Hall Pvt. Ltd., Delhi; 1984.

**M.A. PART II
OPTIONAL COURSES :
PAPER III A**

Gender and Society

- Objectives :** 1) **To relate the concept of Gender to Social Institutions and practices in Indian Society.**
2) **To provide linkage between**
a) **State Policies**
b) **Gender issue**
c) **Women's movement in Indian Society.**

FIRST TERM

- I. Gender and Sociological analysis
- a. Concept of Sex and Gender
 - b. Aspects of Gender Basic Concept in Feminist Analyses :
 - i. Patriarchy
 - ii. Sexual division of labour
 - iii. Gender roles
 - iv. Socialization
 - c. The concept of Gender in different trends in feminist theory
 - i. Liberal
 - ii. Marxist
 - iii. Socialist
 - iv. Radical
 - v. Post-Modern

- II. The Emergence of 'Gender - Studies' from the Women's movement (Specific Reference to the west.)
 - a. The Background
 - i. The first wave
 - ii. The struggle for suffrage
 - b. The Second wave
 - i. Emergence of women's studies
 - c. Major challenge to the women's movement the third world.
 - d. Black feminism and the shift from women to 'Gender'.
- III. Concept of Gender in the Indian Context.
 - a. Caste and Gender
 - b. Contribution of Phule, Ambedkar and Periyar.
 - c. Class and Gender
 - i. Gender in working class movement
 - ii. Gender in Peasant Movement
 - d. Gender and Community
 - i. Communication
 - ii. Challenges to conception of Gender
- IV. Debate and Issues in theorizing gender in Indian Society.
 - a. Nationalism
 - b. Colonialism
 - c. Caste and Gender
 - d. 'Gender' in field research.

SECOND TERM

- V. The Indian Women's movement
 - a. Emergence
 - b. The post independence phase
 - c. Types of organizations —
 - i. Their ideologies
 - ii. Issues
 - iii. Campaigns
 - iv. Dialectics of the movement.
- VI. Statistical profile and analysis of Gender in India —
 - i. Work
 - ii. Health
 - iii. Violence
 - iv. Education
 - v. Politics
 - vi. Law
 - vii. Women's rights.
- VII. Gender and major Social Institutions (with ref./Indian Society)
 - a. Family
 - i. Caste
 - ii. Kinship
 - iii. Religion
 - b. State
 - i. Policies
 - ii. Programmes
 - e. Media
 - f. Culture
 - g. Women's participation in politics

VIII. Gender and major social Issues (with ref. to Indian society)

- a. Gender and Violence
- b. Gender and development
- c. Gender and Panchayat Raj
- d. Gender and Communication/ fundamentalism
- e. Gender and Ecology
- f. Women empowerment

Essential Readings :

1. Tong Rosemarie - Feminist Thought : A Comprehensive introduction : West view Press - 1989, PP - 1-50
2. Whecham, Imelda - Modern Feminist Through : Edinburgh : Edinburgh University Press : 1977, pp 2-25, 106-124, 144-166.
3. Myers, Kristen Anderson (etd) Feminist Foundations : Towards Transforming Sociology; Sage, New Delhi, 1998, PP 1-41, 76-90.
4. V. Geetha and Rajadurai S.V.: Towards a non-Brahmin Millennium; Sanaya Calcutta, 1998 (Last Chapter)
5. Omvedt, Gail : Phule and the Women's Questions in India; Monograph, whole book.
6. Clarke, Alice : Gender and Political Economy; OUP, New Delhi, 1995 (Intd. only)
7. Sarkar Tanika & Urvashi Butalia; Women and the Hindu Rights; New Delhi; Kali for women 1995, PP 1-9, 244 - 269
8. Vaid, Sudesh & Sangari Kumkum : Recasting Women, essays in Colonial Histor; New Delhi, Kali for Women; 1989, PP 1-45 127-179
9. Chakravanti Uma : Rewriting History; New Delhi, Kali for Women: 1998, Chapter - 3.
10. Dube Leela - Women and Kinship : New Delhi, Vistaar Publication, 1997, P.P. 49-83.

11. Kumar, Radha : History of Doing; New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1993, Chapter - 3.
12. Sathyamurthy T.V. (ed.) *Regin Religion Caste, Gender and culture in Contemporary India*; New Delhi: OUP, 1996, PP 87-132.
13. Mies, Maria & Shiva, Vandana *Ecofemenism*, New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1993 (Intd. only)
14. Krishnaraj Maitrey (al) "Gender Population and Development", New Delhi, OUP - 1998
15. Illich Ivan; "Gender", Panthon Book, New York - 1982, Whole book.
16. Sen Illian; "Spaces with in the struggle," New Delhi - Kali for Women, 1992 (Intd. Only)
17. Segal Lynne - 'Is the future female ?' *Troubled Thoughts on Contemporary Feminism*; Virgo Press Pub., London, PP 117 to 161.
18. Owner David (edt.); "Sociology after Post-Modernism"; Sage Pub., London, 1997, PP 40-64 158-172.
19. Joseph Cherian and Prasad K.V. Eswara : *Women, Work & Equity, The Reality of Gender*; National Labour Institute, New Delhi - 1995.
20. Dr. Kapur Promilla; 'Empowering the Indian Women'; Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India (New Delhi) 2001, PP whole book.

PART II
OPTIONAL PAPER III B
SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Objectives :

1. To Introduce the students to the role of social movements in social transformation.
2. To help them understand the various approaches to the study of social movements.

FIRST TERM

1. Definition and features of social movements

2. Theories of social movements :

- a) Structural - functional
- b) Marxist
- c) Resource Mobilization Theory
- d) Interactionist
- e) New Social Movements.
- f) Sociology of Action

3. Social Movements and social change :

- a) Reform, Rebellion, Revival
- b) Millerian
- c) Revolution, Insurrection
- d) Schisms and splits
- e) Counter-Movements

4. The social basis of Social Movements :

- a) Class, caste, gender and ethnicity
- b) Role of leadership
- c) Mode of institutionalization
- d) Role of ideology

Second Term

5. Social Movements in India :

- a) Peasant
- b) Labour and Trade Union
- c) Tribal movements

6. New Social Movements :

- a) Dalit Movements
- b) Women's Movements
- c) Ecological Movements
- d) Ethnic Movements

7. Social Movements in the social setting :

- a) Social Movements and the State
- b) Social Movements and the Civil Society

Prescribed Books

- 1) Brass Paul, 1990; The Politics of India Since Independence; Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
- 2) Buechler Steven M., 2000; Social Movements in Advanced Capitalism, The Political Economy And cultural Construction of Social Activism; Oxford University Press, New York.
- 3) Guha Ranajeet, 1983; Elementary aspects of Peasant Insurgency in India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4) Oomen T. K., 1985; Social Movements; ICSSR Survey of Literature; Satvahan Publications, New Delhi.
- 5) Oomen T. K., 199; Protest and Change; Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 6) Rao M. S. A. (ed.) 1974; Social Movements in India, Vol. 1 and 2; Manohar Publications, New Delhi.
- 7) Scott, J. C., 1985; The Weapons of the Weak; Yale University Press, New Haven.

- 8) Shah, Ghanshyam; 2002; *Social Movements and the State*; Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 9) Shah, Ghanshyam; 1990; *Social Movements in India*; Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 10) Singh Rajendra, 2000; *Social Movements, Old and new— A post modernist critique*; Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 11) Sommer John, 2001; *Empowering the Oppressed*; Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Recommended Books

1. Das Veena, (ed), 2003; *Oxford India companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
2. Dasgupta Biplab, 1974; *The Naxalite Movement*; Allied Publishers, Bombay.
3. Desai A. R., (ed), 1979, *Peasant Struggles in India*; Oxford University Press, Delhi.
4. Dhanagare D. N., 1983; *Peasant Movements in India-1920-1950*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
5. Klandermans Bert, 1997; *The Social Psychology of Protest*; Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.
6. Kothari Rajani, 1986; *Masses, Classes and the State*; *Economic and Political Weekly*, February, Vol. 21, No.5.
7. McAdam Doug, Tarrow Sidney and Tilly Charles, 2001; *Dynamics of Contention*; Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
8. Omvedt Gail, 1994; *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution : Dr. Ambedkar the Dalit Movement in Colonial India*; Sage, New Delhi.
9. Ramaswamy E. A., 1973; *Politics and Organized Labour of India*; *Asia Survey*, 13 (10), 448-460.
10. Singh K. S., 1982; *Tribal Movements in India*; Vol. I and II; Manohar, Delhi.

**SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT &
GLOBALIZATION**

Objectives:-

- 1) To study approaches and theories of Development and Globalization.**
- 2) To understand the process of Development and Globalization in India.**

First Term

I. Concept and Trends of Development

- Human Development
- Social Development
- Economic Development
- Ecological Development
- Sustainable Development
- Right to Development.

II. Sociological perspectives

- a. **K. Marx**
 - Rise of Industrial Capitalism
 - Marxist Approach to Development
- b. **M. Weber**
 - Role of Values and ideologies
 - Religious ethics as determinants of development.
- c. **J. Schumpeter**
 - Theory of Entrepreneurship.
 - Future of Industrial Capitalism.
- d. **D. Mc Clelland**
 - Achieving Society
 - Personality Types
 - Need for Achievement

VII. Global Economy Development and its impact

- Social Equity Programmes
- Marginal Sections
- Marginalisation
- Workers Unemployment
- Crisis in the Labour Movement & Challenges
- Resurgence of Religion & Ethic Violence.

VIII.

- Challenges for Peoples Movement
- Operation of NGO's
- Women's Movement
- Culture and Globalization
- The Contribution of NRI to Globalization

ESSENTIAL READINGS

1. Alavi H. D. and Shanin T. (eds); Introduction to the Sociology of Development Societies; London, Mac Millan, 1982.
2. Preston P. W.; The Theories of Development; London, Routledge Kegan Paul; 1982, Chapter-4
3. Wellerstein I. : The Capitalist World Economy; Cambridge, Cambridge University Press - 1979.
4. Desai A. R.; Essays on Modernization of Underdeveloped Societies; Vol. I + II; Bombay, Thacker and Co., 1971 RP 13-24, 80.
5. Schumacher E. F.; Small is beautiful; London, ABACUS 1977, PP-136-185.
6. UNDP Human Development Report; New York, Oxford University Press - 1996.
7. Webster, Andrew: Introduction to the Sociology of Development; London, McMillan, 1984.
8. EPW Research Foundation : Social Indicators of Development for India; Economic and Political weekly, Ma 14-1994.

9. Harrisan D. H.: *The Sociology of Modernization and Development*; London, Routledge and Kegan Paul; 1988, PP 1-174.
10. Schuurman, Frans J. (ed) (2002); *Globalization and Development Studies*; SAGE Publication, New Delhi.
11. Jha, Avinash (2000): *Background to Globalization*; Centre for Education and Documentation, Mumbai.
12. Lechner, Frank J. and Boli, John (ed) (2000); *The Globalization*; Backwell, Oxford.
13. Dubhashi P. R. (2002); *Peoples Movement against Global Capitalism* : *Economic and Political Weekly*, February 9, PP. 537-543.
14. Pais, Jasim (2002); *Causalization of Urban Labour Force* - *Economic and Political Weekly*, Feb. 16/ PP 631-642.
15. K. N. Panikkar (1995); *Culture and Globalization*; *Economic and Political weekly*, Feb. 18, PP 374-375.
16. Amartya Sen (2003); "Not frog but Falcon", '*Times of India*', Thursday, Jan 9, 2003, PP 14.

M. A. PART II
OPTIONAL COURSES
PAPER IV B
Criminology
FIRST TERM

1. The Concept of Crime :

- a) Early concept of Crime
- b) Eighteenth and Nineteenth Century
- c) Twentieth Century
- d) Crime Defined
- e) Classification of Crimes
- f) Characteristics of Crime
- g) Sin and Crime Distinguished

II. Nature and Scope of Criminology :

- a) Criminology - Nature and Scope
- b) Interrelation between Criminology, Penology and Criminal Law
- c) Nature of Criminal Law
- d) The Concept of Crime
- e) Importance of Criminology

III. Schools of Criminology :

- a) Pre-Classical- Demonological Theory
- b) The Classical School- Free Will Theory
- c) Positive School- Organic deficiency Theory
 - Cesar Lambroso
 - Enrico Ferri
 - Rafael Garofolo
 - Gabriel Tarade
 - Charles Goring
 - Hooten Sheldon

- d) Psychological School
- e) Sociological School
- f) Geographical School

VI. Changing Profile of Crime and Criminology :

- a) Organized Crime
- b) Crime against Women and Children
- c) White Collar Crime
- d) Cyber Crime
- e) Terrorism

SECOND TERM

V. Reaction to Crime

- a) Punishment
- b) Theories of Punishment
- c) Retribution
- d) Deterrent
- e) Prevention
- f) Reformation

VI. Correction of Criminals

- a) Meaning and Significance of Correction
- b) Prisons
 - i) Brief History of Prisons
 - ii) Prisons in India
 - iii) Classification of Prisons
 - iv) Problems of Prisons
 - v) National Policy and Prison Reforms in India
- New Delhi Model
 - vi) Alternative Imprisonment
 - Probation
 - Parole
 - Open Prisons
 - Rehabilitation of Prisoners

VI. Victimological Perspective

- a) Nature and Development
- b) Role and Typology of Victims
- c) Emerging Trends and Policies

Essential Readings

Ahmed Siddique - Criminology - Problems and Perspectives; Eastern Book Co.

Dr. S.S. Srivastava - Criminology and Criminal Administration; Central Law Agency

M. Ponnaian - Criminology and Penology; Pioneer Books
Bedi Kiran- It is Always Possible; Starlings Publications, New Delhi.

Goal Rakesh, Manohar Pawar - Computer Crime : Concept, Control and Prevention; Sysman Computers Pvt. Ltd, Bombay.

Lilly J. Roberts, Francis T. Wallen & Richard Ball - Criminology Theory-Context and Consequences; 1995, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Makkar, S.P. Singh and Paul C Friday - Global Perspective in Criminology; 1993, ABC Publications, Jalandar
Crime in India - Ministry of Home Affairs, Govt. of India, 1998

Reid, Suetitus; 1976, Illinayse - Crime and Criminology; Deydan Press

Shankar Dass Rani Dhawan; 2000 - Punishment and the Prison - India and International Perspective; Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Sutherland, Edwin and Crassey; 1968 - Principles of Criminology; The Times of India Press, Bombay.

Walklete, Sandra; 1998 - Understanding Crimnology; philadelphia Open University Press

Williams, Frank P. and Marilym D. Meshare; 1998 - Criminology Theory; New Jersy, Prentice Hall

Williamson, Herald E., 1990 - The Correction Profession; Sage Publications, New Delhi.

**M. A. PART - I
COMPULSORY PAPER**

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

Objectives:

1. To trace the emergence of Sociology as a discipline in the industrial revolution and consequent transformation of European society.
2. To acquaint the students with the writing of major thinkers and equip them with analytical insights to know and analyze the social scenario.

FIRST TERM

**1. ORIGINS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY:
HISTORICAL, SOCIO-ECONOMIC AND
INTELLECTUAL FORCES**

- a) Traditional feudal Economy and Society in Europe: Characteristics
- b) French Revolution, Industrial Revolution, Emergence of Capitalism and their impact on Economy and Society
- c) The Enlightenment and its impact on thinking and reasoning

2. KARL MARX

- a) **Karl Marx** : Intellectual Background
- b) **Marxian Dialectical Materialism as a perspective change** : It's features and Laws.
- c) **Historical Materialism** : Material conditions of life as the primary and objective reality -Mode of Production - Basic Structure and Superstructure - Economic Determinism - Transformation of human society through different stages
- d) **Marx's Analysis of Capitalism** : Emergence and development of industrial capitalism - Surplus Value - Alienation

- e) **Classes and Class Struggle** : Notion of Class - Emergence of Classes - Class consciousness - Class Conflict - Proletarian Revolution - Classless society
- f) **Marx's views on the state** - the state in relation to classes - future of the state after proletariat revolution
- g) **Theory of Ideology** : Ideology as a part of Superstructure and its role.

SECOND TERM

3. EMILE DURKEIM

- A) **Emile Durkeim** : Intellectual Background.
- B) **Contribution to the Methodology of Sociology** - Sociology as a science - Concept of Social Fact - Methodological Rules
- C) **Division of Labour** : Mechanical and Organic Solidarity - Explanation of increasing division of Labour in terms of its causes and function - Pathological forms of division of labour.
- D) **Theory of Suicide** : Review of earlier theories of Suicide - Suicide Rate - Types of Suicide and his distinctive sociological interpretation of Suicide.
- E) **Theory of Religion** : Refutation of earlier theories of religion - Durkheim's definition of 'Religion' - Analysis of Totemism as the most elementary religion and its sociological interpretation - Religious Rituals, their types and social function.

4. MAX WEBER

- a) **Max Weber** : Intellectual Background
- b) **Contribution to the Methodology of Social Sciences**: Distinctive nature of Social Realities - Sociology as an interpretative science - Concepts of 'Verstehen' and 'Ideal Types'

- c) **Theory of Social Action** : Concept of Social Action - Types of Social action - Interpretive understanding of Social Action
 - d) **Views on Capitalism** : Analysis of Modern Capitalism - Protestant Ethic and Emergence of Capitalism : Role of ideas and values in social change
 - e) **Theory of Authority** : Power and Authority - Types of Authority : bases of their legitimacy, their distinctive features, methods of administration and modes of inheritance.
 - f) **Concept of Bureaucracy** : Capitalism, growing rationalism and emergence of modern bureaucracy - Weberian Model of Bureaucracy - Relationship between political leaders and bureaucracy.
 - g) **Concepts of 'Status' 'Class' and 'Power'** : Meaning
- 5. VILFREDO PARETO**
- a) **Vilfredo Pareto** : Intellectual Background.
 - b) **Contribution to Methodology** : Logico-experimental Method
 - c) **Logical and non-logical action** : classification- explanation of non-logical actions in terms of his theory of Residues and Derivations.
 - d) **Classification of Residues and Derivations**
 - e) **Theory of Social Change** : Elites and masses - types of elites - Circulation of elites.

Essential Readings :

Aron, Raymond (1965-67) : Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I and II Penguin.

Coser, Lewis A. (1977) : Masters of Sociological Thought, Harcourt Base, New York.

Fletcher, Ronald (1971) : The Making of Sociology, Vol. I. and II, Michael Joseph Ltd. London

Giddens, Anthony (1971) : Capitalism and Modern Social Theory - An analysis of the writings of Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press.

Hughes, John A., Martin, Peter J. and Sharrock, W. W. (1995) : Understanding Classical Sociology - Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Sage, London.

Morrison, Ken (1995) : Marx, Durkheim and Weber-Formations of Modern Sociological Thought, Sage, New Delhi.

Nisbet (1966) : The Sociological Tradition, Heinemann Educational Books Ltd., London.

Parsons, Talcott (1937-1949) : The Structure of social action, Vol. I and II, McGraw Hill, New York.

Yakhot, O. Spirin A. (1971) : The Basic Principles of Dialectical and Historical Materialism, Progress Publishers, Mosco.

Zeitlin, Irving M. (1969) : Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory, Prentice - Hall, New Delhi.

M. A. PART II
COMPULSORY PAPER - I (2003 Pattern)
THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY

OBJECTIVES :

1. To Introduce the students to major theoretical schools in Sociology
2. To equip the students to examine the theoretical relevance of the premises, Methodology and conclusions of these diverse perspectives to understand social structure and change.

FIRST TERM

1. INTRODUCTION

- a) Meaning of Theory - Nature of Sociological Theory - Levels of theorisation in Sociology Relationship between theory and research.

2. STRUCTURAL-FUNCTIONALISM

The idea of Social Structure. A. R. Radcliffe Brown :
The Problem of Role analysis : S. F. Nadel;
Structural aspects and Functional dimensions of social system : T. Parsons;
Condensation, critique and reformulation of functional analysis : R. K. Merton; Neofunctionalism : J. Alexander.

3. CONFLICT THEORY

Dialectics of Conflict : R. Dahrendorf
Functional analysis of conflict : L. Coser
Conflict and Social Change : R. Collins

4. CRITICAL THEORY AND NEO-MARXISM

The Frankfurt School :
Lifeworld and system : J. Habermas
Structural Marxism : L. Althusser
Hegemony : A. Gramsci

SECOND TERM**5. STRUCTURALISM AND POST-STRUCTURALISM**

Human nature and cultural diversity : C. Levi-Strauss;
Structuralism sans post-structuralism M. Foucault

6. INTERACTIONIST PERSPECTIVE

Symbolic interactions : G. H. Mead and H. Blumar
Phenomenological Sociology : A. Schutz
Social construction of reality : P. Berger and T. G.
Luckmann Ethnomethodology : H. Garfinkel

7. RECENT TRENDS IN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORISING

Structuration : Anthony Giddens
Habitus and Field : Bourdieu
Postmodernism - Semiotics - Convergence.

ESSENTIAL READINGS :

Alexander, Jeffery C. (1987) : Twenty Lectures : Sociological Theory since World war I, New york,, Columbia University Press.

Bottomore, Tom (1984) : The Frankfurt School. Chester, Sussex: Eills Horwood and London : Tavistock Publications.

Craib, Ian (1992) : Modern Social Theory : From Parson to Habbermass, second edition, London : Harvester Press

Collins, Randall (1997) : Sociological Theory, (Indian Edition) Rawat, Jaipur

Giddens, Anthony (1983) : Central Problem in Social Theory. Action, structure and contradication in social anaysis, London, Macmillan

Kuper, Adam (1975) : Anthropologists and Anthropology: The British School 1922-72, Harmondsworth, Middlesex, Penguin Books.

Kuper, Adam and Jessica Kuper(eds.) (1996) : The Social Science Encyclopaedia, London and New York, Routledge

Ritzer, George F(1992) : Sociological Theory (Third edition), New York, McGraw Hill.

Sturroek, John (ed.) (1979) : Structuratlism and Since S: From Levi Strauss to Derrida, Oxford, Oxford University Press.

Turner Jonathan S. (1995) : The structure of Sociological Theory (fourth edition), Jaipur, Rawart.

Zeitlin, Irving M. (1998) : Rethinking Sociology : A Critique of Contemporary Theory, Jaipur, Rawat.

UNIVERSITY OF PUNE
Circular No. 161 of 2003

Subject : M. A. (German)

It is notified for the information of all concerned that the University Authorities have decided to modify the titles of M.A. (German) examination are as under.

Old Title	New Title
GR 1 : Literature since 1945 Part I (Literature seit 1945 Teil 1)	GR 1: Literature since 1945 (Literature seit 1945)
GR 8 D :- Literature since 1945-Part II Literature seit 1945 Teil. 1	GR 8 B:- Contemporary German Literature (Deutsche- Gegenwarts literature)

The above decision will come into force from Academic Year 2003-2004

The head, Department of German and the Principals of all Affiliation Colleges and Recognized Institutes are requested to bring the contents of this Circular to the notice of all concerned teachers and students.

Ganeshkhind,
Pune-411 007

Ref. No : CB/3110
Date : 12-6-2003

for **Registrar**