UNIVERSITY OF PUNE

Syllabus for M.A. Degree Course
(Under “85 Pattern”, Non-Semester)

HISTORY
(From June 1990)

Introduction of ‘85 Pattern, Non-Semester Examinations for Post-Graduate Course

I. (1) There will be ‘Term End’ examination of the first term of the academic year. It will be held on convenient dates sometime in November/December, as may be decided by the University authorities.

(2) Each paper for the ‘Term End’ examination will be of 60 marks and will have the duration of three hours. The marks obtained by the student out of 60 will then be converted into the marks out 20.

(3) There will be an ‘Annual’ examination at the end of academic year sometime in April/May as may be decided by the University authorities. Each paper at the ‘Annual’ examination will carry 80 marks and will be of three hours duration.

(4) The question paper for the ‘Term End’ examination will be set on the syllabi prescribed for the first term. The question paper for the ‘Annual’ examination will be set on the syllabi of the entire academic year. The question is in the
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annual examination will be by marks, in the ratio of approximately 40% on the syllabus prescribed for the first term approximately 60% on the syllabus prescribed for the second term.

(5) The syllabi as prescribed for the Semester I and II at M.A. and M.Com. under semester system would continue to be the syllabi of the first term and second term respectively, under ‘85 Pattern’. Similarly the syllabi prescribed for Semester III and IV under semester system for M. A./ M. Com. examinations would respectively be the same under the ‘85 Pattern’. The Boards of Studies are revising the syllabi according to the ‘85 Pattern’. The revised syllabi shall be introduced with the notification.

II. M. Sc. and M. A. under Science Faculty:

(1) For M. Sc. and M. A. (in Geography, Statistics and Mathematics) courses under faculty of Science the Semester System will be continued as at present with the conduct of semester end examination at the end of each semester. However, the proportion of external and internal components will be changed from 60 : 40 (80 marks for semester end examination of the course and 20 marks for the internal assessment of the same course).

(2) The Practice of Departmental Courses will henceforth be valid for I.G. (M.A., M.Sc.) Courses under the Faculty of Science and not for M.A.
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under Mental, Moral and Social Science Faculty, Arts Faculty and M.Com. under Commerce Faculty.

(3) The syllabi in the Departmental as well as University courses shall be for the time being the same as under the semester system. The revised as presented with due notification.

(4) Except these University science departments and P.G. centres (for subjects in Science Faculty) situated at other colleges or in recognised institutions which have been granted permission for academic flexibility, all other Science Departments and P.G. Centres in Science Faculty subjects will follow the pattern of 12 University Courses +8 Departmental Courses as at present. This University as well as Departmental Courses should be distributed in equal proportion over the four semesters.

(5) For all examinations whether University or Departmental, whether for external assessment or internal assessment minimum marks for passing under each head of passing will 40% subject to the application of existing rules for gracing of marks and condonation of failure. Thus for internal assessment the minimum marks required for passing in a course shall be Eight (out of Twenty) and for external/semester end examination in a course the minimum marks required for passing will be Thirty two out of Eighty.
III. **Standard of Passing**:

1. The candidate is required to obtain at least 32 marks out of 80 in each paper at the ‘Annual’ examination. He shall be declared to have passed in the paper provided he/she has secured an aggregate of 40% marks in the ‘Term End’ examination and ‘Annual’ examination taken together, in each, in each paper.

2. The candidate having obtained 32 marks out of 80 marks in the annual examination but failing to obtain an aggregate of 40% in the Annual examination and the Term End examination taken together may improve his/her aggregate performance in the paper either by appearing for Term-End examination or for Annual examination or both. Passing at the Term-End examination is not compulsory.

3. The candidate failing to secure 32 marks in the Annual examination shall have to appear for subsequent annual examination in that paper.

IV. **Award of Class**:

The class in respect of M.A., M.Sc. M.C.S. and M.Com. examinations be awarded to the students on the basis of aggregate marks obtained by the candidates in all the papers at the first and second year taken together.

The award of class shall be as under:

1. 70% and above ..First class with Distinction
2. 60% and above but less than 70% ..First Class
3. 55% and above but less than 60% ... Higher Second Class
4. 50% and above but less than 55%...Second Class
5. 40% and above but less than 50%..Pass class
6. Less than 40% ..Failure

VI. New Examination Pattern:

(1) The Term-End examination will be conducted once in the academic year only. The rules/ordinances given in Circular No. 210 of 1982-83 dated 21st January, 1988, will be made applicable for ‘Annual’examination only.

(2) The candidate at the M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com. will be allowed to join the Second Year of the same course irrespective of the number of backlog at the First Year.

(3) In case of M.A./M.Com., semester examinations the students admitted in 1985-86 shall proceed through the Semester Stream and the last examination under the semester pattern will be held in October/November, 1987, April/May, 1988, and in October/November, 1988.

(4) The student who has taken the admission under the Semester System in the academic year 1985-86 or earlier will have to appear for the Departmental Courses as before. From the academic year 1986-87, the Departmental Courses will be termed as ‘Optional Papers’. The responsibility of setting of question papers, of these Optional papers will rest with the University,
However, for the Term End examination of November, 1986, the work of setting of question papers and assessing the answer books will rest with the Departments Post-Graduate Centres concerned, as a special case.

(5) The Term-End examination for the Optional papers will be of 60 marks and three hours duration and these marks are to be converted into the marks out of 20, these marks are to be communicated to the students by college/department concerned.

(6) The student who has appeared under the semester system at M.A./M.Com. examinations but failed at these examinations at the last chance will be required to reappear for the correspondent courses/subjects papers as may be decided by the Boards of Studies. The results of such candidates will be declared in accordance with the semester system. This provision is for the students who have appeared and facilitate at the last examination to be held in October 1988 under the semester system.

(7) The question banks at M.A. and M.Com. will be delinked from the examinations with effect from 1986-87 for examinations under ‘85 Pattern’.

(8) To respect of the external candidate, for M.A. or M.Com. examination, he will have to register and appear for the annual examination of 80 marks per paper only. These marks will be converted into marks out of 100 and the result will be declared accordingly.
(9) In respect of the practical examinations in the subjects like Experimental Psychology, Anthropology at the Post-Graduate level, there will be no practical examination at the term end. Practical examinations will be conducted only once at the time of annual examinations as is down in does of Under-Graduate classes.

(10) The rates for the paper setting and assessment of answerbooks at the ‘Term End’ examination at M.A. and M.Com. will be the same as prescribed in the schedule ‘a’ of scale of remuneration for examination work part I in existance. The persons entrusted with the work of preparation of the results and conversion of marks will be entitled for a remuneration of Rs. 0.50, per candidate as in case of Under-Graduate classes.

(11) The pattern of question papers for the Term-End examination at M.A./M.Com. provisionally for October/November, 1986 and October/November, 1987 will be the same as it was under the Semester system. As the question banks are delinked from the examinations, the candidates in new system ‘85 Pattern’ will get an over-all option. In other, works, candidate appearing under ‘85 Pattern’ will be required to answer any four questions out of eight questins of Sections I and Section II taken together.
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REVISED M. A. HISTORY SYLLABUS.

Core Papers:
(1) World in the 20th Century (1919-1950)
(2) Historiography
(3) History of India (upto A.D. 1200)
(4) Medieval Indian Ideas and Institutions
(5) Royal Period of Maratha History (1630-1707)
(6) Indian National Movement.

Optional Papers:
Group I - Any two of the following:
(A) History of Commonwealth (with special reference to Canada)
(B) History of Communism in Russia and China in the 20th century
(C) History of U.S.A. (1861-1945)
(D) Modern Japan (1853-1955)
(E) History of West Asia (1900-1970)

Group II - Any two of the following:
(A) Medieval European Culture
(B) History and Philosophy of Science and Technology
   (Scientific and Technological Developments in the West)
(C) Revolutions in France (1789-1848)
(D) Diplomatic History of Europe (1816-1914)
(E) History of Science and Technology in India.
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*Group III - Any two of the following :*

(A) Political Thought and Administration in Ancient India.

(B) History of South India from the Sangam Age to the fall of the Cholas.

(C) History of the Deccan from the Satavahanas to the end of the Badami Chalukya Rule.

(D) Rashtrakutas and Chalukya of Kalyani.

*Group IV - Any two of the following :*

(A) Yadavas of Deogiri

(B) History of Vijaynagar and its off shoots.

(C) History of the Bahamani Kingdom and its off shoots.

(D) Akbar : An Intensive Political Study.

*Group V - Any two of the following :*

(A) Administrative & Socio-Economic History of Marathas

(B) Diplomatic History of the Marathas (1708-1818)

(C) Cultural History of Maharashtra

(D) Maharashtra in the 19th Century

*Group VI - Any two of the following :*

(A) British Administrative Policies in India (1818-1919)

(B) Industrialisation & Urbanisation in Modern India (1850-1950)

(C) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and his times 1891 A. D. to 1956 A.D.

(D) Socio-Religious Ideological Trends in Modern India.
Note: Candidate has to offer all the 6 core papers and any of the 6 groups of Optional papers.

*Core paper Nos. 1, 3 and 5 will be taught in the first year and paper Nos. 2, 4 and 6 in the second year.

**Question Papers will be set only on those courses which are being taught in the University, and other Post-Graduate centres in the University jurisdiction.
First Term:

I. The First World War
   (1) Aftermath 1
   (2) The Peace Settlement of Paris - 1919 3
   (3) The French demands and Anglo – American Response 1
   (4) Problem of reparations 2
   (5) Problem of Inter-allied debts 1
   (6) The Mandates 1

II. The League of Nations 1
   (1) Its aims 1
   (2) Organisation 2
   (3) Achievements 2
   (4) Search for Security and peace 3

III. The Russian Revolution of 1917
   (1) A background 2
   (2) Russia under Lenin 3
   (3) Russia under Stalin 3
       The economic and social reconstruction in Soviet Union.

IV. Rise of Communism in China. 3
   Conflict between Kuomintong and the Communists
   (A brief Survey)
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V. *Rise of Japan as World Power* 1
   (1) Washington Conference 2
   (2) Rise of militarism 2
   (3) Japan - U.S. relations 2

VI. *The Great Depression* 2
   Its international implications 2

VII. *The Rise of Dictatorship* 2
   (1) Causes 2
   (2) Italy 3
   (3) Germany 3
   (4) Spain 1
   (5) Turkey Modernisation 1

VIII. Growth of Nationalism in Asiatic Countries 1
   Indonesia and Indo-China 6

IX. *Growth of Imperialism and the role of the League of Nations* 2
   (1) German 1
   (2) Italian 1
   (3) Japanese 1

Second Term:
X. Political events from Munich to the outbreak of World War II 2

XI. From Pearl Harbour to the fall of Japan 2
XII. *The birth of the U.N.O.*

- Its objectives 1
- Organisation 2

XIII. The emergence of independent nations in Asia & Africa

- Israel 1

XIV. *The Cold War*

(i) 1. Cold - War genesis, its nature 3
   2. Berlin crisis 2

(ii) 3. Military Alliances - NATO

XV. Communist Revolution in China (1949) 2

XVI. Japan after world war II

- Japan under Occupation. 2

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**Books for Study**

5. Wales, Peter: World Affairs since 1919.
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(8) Lipson : Europe in the 19th and 20th Centuries.
(9) F.Lee Benns and Mary Elisabeth Seldon : Europe : 1939 to Present; New York, 1971.
(10) बेच रानू. ध्वज : आधुनिक जग

Books for Reference

(4) Ergang Robert : Europe in our times.
(5) Halle : Cold War a History.
(7) Sontag, R. J. : European Diplomatic History.
(8) Rene, Albert Carrie : Diplomatic History of Europe since the Congress of Vienna.
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(24) Taylor A. J. P. : History of World War I.
(27) Nanda B. R. (ed.) : Indian Foreign Policy–Nehru Era
HC C-2 : Historiography

First Term : Periods required

I. Nature and Scope of History :
   (1) Definitions and Nature of History 2
   (2) Scope of History 2
   (3) History and Auxiliary Disciplines 1

II. Importance and availability of historical documents :
   (1) Heuristic 1
   (2) Origin of Archives in Europe and in India- A Brief Survey 2
   (3) Detailed study of Bombay Archives 3
   (4) Pune Archives 7
   (5) Bharat Itihas Samshodhak Mandal, Archives, Pune 2
   (6) Deccan College Archives 2
   (7) Rajawade Sanshodhan Mandal, Archives 1

III. External Criticism :
   (1) Ascertainment of the authenticity of sources 1
   (2) Time : Different methods of dating Saka, Suhur, Hijri, Vikram, Fasli Eras 2
       Place 2
       Authorship 1

IV. Internal Criticism :
   (1) Ascertainment of the credibility of sources : Bakhars, Tawarikh, Shakavalis, Epic poems,
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Puranas, State papers, Administrative records and account paper 6

(2) Positive criticism (Liceral and actual meaning of document) 2

(3) Negative criticism (Faith and Accuracy in author) 2

V. (1) Philosophy of Romantic Historiography 2

(2) Philosophy of positivist Historiography 1

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Second Term : Records Required

VI. Marxist Historiography 5

VII. Modern Indian Historiography :

(1) An Introduction to Indian Historiography 4

(2) R. C. Dutt 3

(3) A. S. Altekar 3

(4) K. A. Nilakanta Shastri 4

(5) R. C. Mujumdar 3

(6) D. D. Kosambi 3

VIII. Maratha Historiography :

(1) An Introduction to Maratha Historiography 3

(2) V. K. Rajwade 2

(3) G. S. Sardesai 2

(4) S. N. Sen 2
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(5) Grant Duff 2
(6) Jadunath Sarkar 2
(7) T. S. Shejwalkar 2

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Books for Study

(1) Carr, E. H. : What is History?
(2) Patrick Gardiner : Theories of History.
(4) Langlois & Sergnobois : Introduction to the Study of History.
(5) Sen, S. P. : Historians and Historiography in Modern India.
(6) George Novack : Understanding History; New York.
(9) Clark, G. Kitson : Guide for Research students working on Historical Subjects; Cambridge, 1959
M. A. (History) / 20


(15) वृंदावनकर, कृ. वा : इतिहास स्वरूप आणि अभ्यास

(16) आठबाळे, सदाशिव : इतिहासातील तत्त्वज्ञान; बाई, १९८७


(18) C. C. Crump : History and Historical Research; London 1928.

(19) K. N. Chitnis : Research Methodology in History; Pune, 1971.


(22) खोंबरेरकर, कृ. जी. : महाराष्ट्रातील राजस्वार्थ : वर्णन आणि तंत्र; मुंबई, १९८८


Books for Reference


(2) Shotweel : History of Historiography.
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(3) Collingwood : The Idea Of History.
(16) Childe, V. G. : The Past, the Present, the Future Past and Present; Vol. X.
(18) Marcy : Sense of History.


(22) Burckhardt, J. : Reflections on History; London 1943.

(23) Tikekar : On Historiography.


(26) Tarashankar Banerjee : Indian Historical Research since Independence.

(27) Devahati, (ed.) : Problems of Indian Historiography; Delhi, 1979.


(29) Sharam Jal Ram : The Concept of History; Bharatiya Vidya Prakashan, Delhi, 1967.

(30) प्र. मुहास राजदेवकर : इतिहास लेखनशास्त्र
First Term: Periods required

I. Background: Problems regarding study of ancient India, types of sources. 4

II. The Indus Valley Civilization: Origin, Extent, Problems:
   (1) Characteristics features. 4
   (2) Major Cities, Trade and Commerce, Causes of decline, survival and continuity.

III. The Vedic Age: Vedic literature as a source. Early Vedic age.
   (1) Origin, Expansion, Organisation and administration of society. 3
   (2) Political life and administration, the epics and their times. 3
   (3) Vedic religion: Its origin and development upto Upanishads. 3
   (4) Buddhism and Jainism: Rise, Distinguishing Features. 4

IV. Mauryas:
   (1) Sources, rise, extent and fall of the empire. 3
   (2) Administraton, Socio-economic conditions. 2
   (3) Ashoka’s policy and reforms. 3

V. Post-Maurya Period (200 B.C. - 300 A.D.):
   (1) Shungas, North-West India and Indo-Greeks, Parthians. 2
   (2) The Kushanas: Achievement of Kanishka. 2
(3) South India-Satavahanas. 2
(4) Trade and economy, religion. 2
(5) Art : Gandhara, Mathura and Amaravati. 3

Second Term :
VI. Guptas :
   (1) Origin, extent and decline. 3
   (2) Administration, economy. 3
   (3) Society, religion art and literature. 3
   (4) Vakatakas : rise, growth and fall.

VII. Harsha :
   (1) Foreign invasions- Hunas. 2
   (2) Empire of Harsha and his achievements. 2
   (3) Administration, Hiuen Tsang’s account, development in Buddhism. 2
   (4) Struggle for power over Kanauj : Rashtrakutas, Pratiharas and Palas. 2
   (5) Art, Literature, Nalanda and other centres of learning. 3

VIII. South India :
   (1) Sangam age-literature as a source. 3
   (2) Pallavas : rise, political achievements; conflict with the Chalukyas; Literature, art and architecture administration. 3
       Cholas : Political achievements. 3
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Economic conditions and administrations. 3
Philosophy and religion. 3
Society, art and architecture. 3

IX. Greater India: A brief survey. 3

X. Foreign invasions-Arabs: Their effects, Mahamud of Ghazni. 2

Books for Study

(1) Tripathi, R. S.: History of Ancient India; Delhi, 1960.
(2) Ray Chaudhari, H.C.: Political History of Ancient India; 1938.
(3) Smith, V. A.: Early History of India; Oxford, 1924.
(4) Ghosh, N. W.: Early History of India; Alahabad, 1938.
(6) Mujumdar R. C.: Ancient India.
(8) History and Culture of the Indian People: Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan Series, Vols. I, II, III, IV.
(9) Shastri, K. A. N. (ed): Comprehensive History of India; relevant Volume, Delhi.

Books for Reference

(1) Aiyangar, S. K.: Ancient India and South Indian History and Culture; 1941.
(2) Das, S. K.: Economic Life in Ancient India; Calcutta, 1925.
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(3) Bandopadhyaya, N. C. : Economic life and progress in Ancient India.

(4) Aiyangar, P. T. S. : Life in Ancient India in the age of Mantras.


(6) Sengupta, N. C. : Sources of Low Society in Ancient India.

(7) Chakladar, H.C. : Social life in Ancient India.

(8) Charaberty, Chandra : A Study in Hindu.


(10) Shastri, K. A. N. The Age of Nandas and Mauryas.


(12) Mujumdar R. C. : The Vakataka and Gupta Age.


(14) Shastri, K. A. N. : History of South India.


(17) Thapar, Romila : Some Aspects of Social Life in Ancient India.

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(19) Altekar, A. S. : State and Govt. in Ancient India; India, Delhi.
(20) Brown, Percy : Indian Architecture; Vol. I.
(22) Shastri, K. A. N. : Colas.
(23) Rowland, B. P. : Architecture of India; Buddhist, Jain Pelican series.
(27) Thapar, Romila : Cultural Transaction and Early India.
(30) D. N. Jha (ed.) : Social Formation in Early India.
(31) Chakradinar Jha : History and Sources of Law in Ancient India.
(32) S. R. Goyal : Kautilya and Magasthenes.
(33) Ravindra Sharma : Kingship in India : From Vedic Age of Gupta Age.
(34) Radha Kumud Mookerji: Local Government in Ancient India.

HS C-4 : Medieval Indian Ideas and Institutions

First Term : Periods required

I. Sources :
   (1) Persian Sources 3
   (2) Other literary sources
      (a) Sanskrit 1
      (b) North Indian Languages 2
      (c) South Indian Languages 2
   (3) Epigraphical Sources 2
   (4) Foreign Traveller’s Accounts
      (a) English 2
      (b) Portuguese 2
      (c) French 2
      (d) Others 2

II. Theoretical Aspects :
   (1) Farabi : His Ideas on State and Government. 2
   (2) Glazzali : His Ideas on State and Government. 2
   (3) Shukracharya on State and Society 2
   (4) Ramachandrapant Amatya on State and Government. 1

III. Administrative Aspects :
   (1) Nature of State and Government in Medieval India.
      (a) (i) State under the Delhi Sultans : Nature 2
      (ii) Government : distinguishing features
      (iii) Kingship : Nature and distinguishing features. 2
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(b) Mughal State and Government
   (i) Mughal State : Nature  2
   (ii) Government : Distinguishing features  2
   (iii) Kingship : Nature and distinguishing features.  1

(c) Vijayanagar State and Government :
   (i) Vijayanagar State and Government :  2
   (ii) Government : Distinguishing features  2
   (iii) Kingship : Nature, distinguishing features, responsibilities and duties.  1

(2) The Mansabdari System  2

(3) Law and Legal Institutions :
   (a) Under the Delhi Sultans  1
   (b) Under the Mughals  1
   (c) Under Vijayanagar  1

(4) Religious policy of the Mughals  2

(5) Feudalism in Medieval India :
   (a) Meaning and definition of the term :
       Feudalism and its applicability to Indian conditions  2
   (b) Feudal conditions (both political and economic) under the Delhi Sultans, Mughals and Vijayanagar  2

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Second Term:

IV. Social Aspects:
   (1) Social Stratification
       (a) Social Divisions in society based on race, religion and sects under the Delhi Sultans and Mughals 2
       (b) Castes and Communities under Vijayanagar. 2
       (c) Factors favourable to social mobility or otherwise. 1
   (2) Position of Woman:
       (a) in the Muslim Society 1
       (b) in the Hindu Society 1
   (3) Educational System:
       (a) in the Muslim Society 2
       (b) in the Hindu Society 2

V. Religious Aspects:
   (1) Shaivism:
       (a) Meaning and types. 1
       (b) Shaiva Siddhantam: impact on society. 2
       (c) Virashaivism, impact on society. 2
       (d) Kashmir Shaivism. 1
   (2) Vaishnavism:
       (a) Meaning and types, and historical significance. 2
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(3) Jainism:
   (a) Tenets
   (b) Rites and Rituals, and historical significance

(4) Sikhism:
   (a) Philosophical foundations.
   (b) Different orders.
   (c) Rites and Rituals and historical significance.

(5) Sufism:
   (a) Philosophical foundations.
   (b) Different orders.
   (c) Rites and Rituals/Spiritual disciplines and historical significance.

VI. Economic Aspects:
(1) (a) Agrarian system under the Mughals
   (b) Agrarian under Vijayanagar

(2) (a) Industries under the Delhi Sultans and Trade, internal and overseas
   (b) Industries under the Mughals
   (c) Trade, Inland and Overseas, under the Mughals
   (d) Industries and trade, inland and overseas, under Vijayanagar.

(3) (a) Currency System under the Delhi Sultans
   (b) Currency System under the Mughals
   (c) Currency System under Vijayanagar.
Books for Study

(1) Sharma; Mughal Government and Administration; Bombay, 1951.


(3) Mahalingam, T.V. : Economic Life in the Vijayanagar Empire; Madras, 1951.

(4) Qureshi, I. A. : The Administration of Mughal Empire; Pa, 1975 Qureshi; I. A. : The Administration of Sultanat of Delhi; Lahore (2nd ed.), 1944.


(10) Chitnis, K. N. : Socio-Economic Aspects of Medieval India; Pune, 1979.


(12) Husaini, S. A. O. : Administration under the Mughals; Dacca, 1952.
(13) Mahalingam, T. V.: Administration and Social Life under Vijaynagar; Madras, 1940.


(18) Saran, P.: The Provincial Government of the Mughals; Allahabad, 1941.


(20) Yusuf, Husain: Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture.

(21) विद्यायन क्र. ना. : मध्ययुगीन भारतीय संकल्पना व संस्कृत (६ खंड)

(22) Sharma, R. S.: Indian Feudalism; New Delhi.

(23) P. N. Chopra: Some Aspects of Society and Culture during the Mughal Age; Agra, 1955.


(26) Shireen Mososvi: The Economy of the Mughal Empire; c-1595.
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Books for Reference

(2) Mahalingam, T. V.: South Indian Policy; Madras, 1970.
(3) Tara Chand: Influence of Islam on Indian Culture; Allahabad, 1946.
(7) Ansari, M. A.: European Travellers under the Mughals India; New Delhi, 1968.
(8) Foster, W. (ed.): Early Travels in India; 1538-1619, rpt. in India, New Delhi, 1968.
(10) Sir H. M. Elliot and J. Dowson: The History of India as told by its own historians; London, 1867-77, rpt. Allahabad, 1972.

(14) पण्डित, सेनाध्यक्ष : सूफी संग्रह


(18) Irfan Habib : Caste & Money in Indian History; Bombay, 1987.

(19) Nurul Hasan : Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India; New Delhi, 1975.

(20) Rashid A. : Society and Culture in Medieval India; Calcutta, 1969.

(21) Roy Choudhary, M. L. : The State and Religion in Mughal India; Calcutta, 1969.

(22) Siddiqui, N. A. : Land Revenue Administration under the Mughals (1700-1750); Bombay, 1962.


(24) Tripathi, R. P. : Some Aspects of Muslim Administration; Allahabad, 1936.


(27) Mishra, Rekha : Women in Mughal India (1526-1748 A.D.); Delhi, 1967.


(31) Bhattacharya, N. N. (ed.): Medieval Bhakti Movement in India.

(32) Bhattacharya, N. N. (ed.): Medieval Bhakti Movement in India.

(33) Sherwani, H. K.: Studies in the History of Early Muslim Political Thought and Administration; Lahore, 1942.

(34) Burton, Stein: Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India; New Delhi, 1980.
**HS C-5 : Royal Period of Maratha History (1630-1707)**

**First Term :**

| Periods required |
|------------------|----------------|
| I. Evaluation of source material | 10 |
| II. Political situation in Maharashtra on the eve of the rise of Maratha Power. | 5 |
| III. Early activities of Shivaji and the establishment of Swarajya. | 5 |
| IV. Shivaji’s Relation with the Deccan Powers. | 10 |
| V. Shivaji’s Relation with the Mughals. | 10 |
| **Total** | **40** |

**Second Term :**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Periods required</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VI. Shivaji’s Relation with the foreign powers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Portuguese</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>The English</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The French</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siddis</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII. Coronation, its significance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIII. Shivaji’s Karnatak Campaign</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IX. Sambhaji- his career and achievements.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X. Maratha war of Independence</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajaram</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tarabai</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramchandrapant Amatya</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santaji and Dhanaji</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>40</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
M. A. (History) / 39

Books for Study


(5) Ranade, M. G. : Rise of Maratha Power; Bombay, 1900.


Books for Reference

(1) Sarkar, J. N. : Shivaji’s visit to Aurangajeb at Agra.

(2) Nayeem, M. A. : External Relations of Bijapur Kingdom.

(3) Brij Kishore : Tarabai and her times; Bombay, 1963.

(4) Jaysingrao Pawar : Maharani Tarabai.

(5) Muddachari, B. M. : Mysore Maratha Relations.


(7) Radhey Shyam : A Kingdom of Ahmednagar.

(8) बौद्ध. वा. सी. : शिवाजीसाठी विकिटपण चित्र.

(9) सी. कमल गोविंद : शिवाजीचे संवाद; पुणे, १९८९.

(10) आपटे, दिल्लीराज : (सं.) - शिवचरित्र प्रदीप; १९२५.

(11) कुलकर्णी अ. रा. : जेम्स क्रिंगह्म ग्रॅंड टफ.
(12) फिस्मूकर पं. सी. : पोतुंगीज-मराठे संबंध.
(13) आपटे, दिवाकर (सं) : शिवभारत, मुंबई, १९२८.
(14) जोशी शं. ना. (सं) : कृष्णाजी अर्नंत समायुक्त छत्रपती श्री शिवाजीराजे अंत्य बखर.
(15) देशपांडे, प्र. न. : छत्रपती शिवाजीमहाराजांची पत्रे (१९८३); पुढे, १९८३.
(16) Kulkarni, G. T. : The Moghul - Maratha relations Twenty-five fateful years (1682-1707); Pune, 1983.
(17) कुलकर्णी अ. रा. ब. खेर, ग. ह. (सं) मराठयोंचा इतिहास, खंड १ व २; नागपूर, म. रा. वि. मंडळ.
**First Term:**

**Periods required**

**I. Impact of the British Rule:**

1. Emergence of the British Power in India, a brief survey 2
2. The Indian reaction 1
3. The uprising of 1857 causes and lessons 2
4. Western Education 1
5. Christian Missionary Activities 2

**II. Rise and Growth of Social Reform Movements.**

1. Brahmo Samaj 2
2. Arya Samaj 2
3. Prarthana Samaj and Theosophical Movement 1
4. Ramakrishna Mission 2
5. Aligarh Movement 2

**III. Growth of Nationalism.**

1. Problems of racial inequality 2
2. Social aspects 2
3. Economic-Drain theory 2
4. Religious 2

**IV. Emergence of Political Association:**

1. Bengal 2
M. A. (History) / 42

(2) Bombay and Poona 2
(3) Madras 1

V. Founding of the Indian National Congress.
(1) Growth of Political awareness 1
(2) Activities of A. O. Hume 1
(3) Response of leading Indians 1
(4) Birth of the Congress 1

VI. Congress 1885-1920 :
(1) Nature of the Congress 1
(2) Moderates' Philosophy 1
(3) Extremistes' Philosophy 1
(4) Revolutionaries' Philosophy 1

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40

Second Term :

VII. National Movement as a Mass Movement :
(1) Beginnings 3
(2) Swadeshi Movement 3
(3) Workers' Movement 2
(4) Gandhian Philosophy 2

VIII. Mass Movements :
(1) New Techniques 2
(2) Non Cooperation 3
IX. Communal Rift :
   (1) Establishment of the Muslim League 3
   (2) Khilafat Movement 2
   (3) Two-Nation Theory 2
   (4) Partition 3

X. Constitutional Development :
   (1) A survey upto 1919 3
   (2) Growth of the constitution 1919 to 1935 2
   (3) 1935 to 1946 2
   (4) The Last phase-Transfer of Power 3

Books for Study

(5) Seal, Anil : The Emergence of Indian National Congress; Cambridge, 1965.
M. A. (History) / 44

(9) Desai, A. R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism; Bombay. 1959.
(10) Tarachand : History of the Freedom Movement; Vol. III and IV.

Books for Reference

M. A. (History) / 45


(10) Shrinivas, M. N. : Social Change in Modern India; California, 1966.


**HS I-A History of Commonwealth (with Special Reference to Canada)**

**First Term**:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Periods required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II. The movement for Imperial Federation Colonial and Imperial Conferences - The economic issues involved in the idea of imperial federation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V. Afro-Asian members and the Western Powers-their mutual relations in the Commonwealth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI. The tensions threatening the solidarity of the mutual wealth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII. Apartheid - its consequences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
M. A. (History) / 47

Second Term:

VIII. Struggle for Canada - The Anglo-French rivalry-The Quebec Act of 1774. 10
The Commission of 1791 the demand for responsible government- The Reform Party. 6


X. Canada and World War I - Canada’s role in the league of nations. 4

XI. Canada - U.S. relations. 4

XII. Canada’s relations with other Commonwealth countries with speical reference to India. 6

—— 40

Books for Study

(1) Millerm, J. D. B. : Commonwealth in the World.
(4) Jennings, Sir Ivor- Commonwealth in South Asia.
(5) Griffith Percival- Empire into Commonwealth.
(6) Cambridge History of the British Empire.
M. A. (History) / 48


Books for Reference

(1) Keith, A. B. : Speeches and Documents on British Dominion.

(2) Coupland : Durhan Report.

(3) Hancock, W. K. : Survey of British Commonwealth Affairs; 2 Vols.


(5) Mansergo, N. : Survey of British Commonwealth Affairs : Problems of War time Co-operation and Post War change; 1939-1952

(6) Deshmukh, C. D. : The Commonwealth as India Sees it.
HS I-B: History of communism in Russia and China in the 20th Century

First Term: Periods required

I. Background of Communist Ideology:
   Socialist thought since 1815 (from St. Simon to Prodhoun) 4

II. Marxism: its theoretical foundations and programme Marxism and the Russian Populist movement.
   (Narodinks) 4

III. The Russian Revolutions: Causes and Course
   (1) The Menshevik Revolution
   (2) The October Revolution 6

IV. Lenin
   (1) (i) as a political activist
        (ii) as a political thinker
        (iii) as a stateman 3
   (2) Stalin Era:
       Trotsky and Stalin, Struggle for power, Political purge 2

V. The economic programme of the Soviet State:
   (i) NEP (ii) Five year plans (iii) Constitution 5

VI. USSR and The World:
   (1) (i) Communist International
        (ii) communism and Asia
        (iii) cominform 3
   (2) (i) Soviet Diplomacy since 1917
        (ii) USSR in World War II
M. A. (History) / 50

(iii) Origins of Cold War

(iv) USSR as World Power. 3

VII. USSR and the Third World :

1. USSR and China

2. USSR and India 4

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40

Second Term :

China :

I. Revolution of 1917 and its effects, Chinese Society, Culture and politics. 4

II. San Yat-Sen and San Min-Chu I :

1. (i) Foundation of CCP

   (ii) Foundation of koumingtang

2. Impact of Russian Revolution on Chinese nationalism

3. Cooperation between USSR and China-1st Phase (from 1921 to 1927) 4

III. KMTvS CCP :

1. Policies of Chiang Kai-Shaik

2. Communist movement in the South

   (The Long March)

IV. Japanese invasion of Manchuria and Cooperation between KMT and CCP (2nd Phase)

V. World War II :

1. American attitude towards China
M. A. (History) / 51

(2) Conflict between the Nationalists and the Communists
(3) Triumph of Communist movement 6

VI. Communist Regime in China:
(1) Economic Policies
(2) Korean War
(3) Cultural Revolution 4

VII. Masoism, Its Philosophy and Programme:
(1) Conflict between USSR and China
(2) China and USA
(3) China, India and Asia 6

Books for Study
(6) Mc Aleavy, Benry : Modern History of China.
(7) Beckman : Modernization of China and Japan.
M. A. (History) / 52


Books for Reference


(9) Snow Edger : Red Star Over China.


M. A. (History) / 53

HSI-C : History of U. S. A. (1861-1945)

First Term : Periods required

I. The Civil War :
   (1) Sectionalism, issue of Slavery and economic factors Attitude of Lincoln 4
   (2) Effects of the Civil War. 2

II. Role of Abraham Lincoln in the History of U.S.A. 2

III. The Reconstruction Plans :
   (1) Post-Civil War Problems 1
   (2) Lincoln Plan 1
   (3) Johnson Plan 1
   (4) Radical Plan 2
   (5) Effects of Reconstruction on the South 1

IV. Industrialisation :
   (1) Causes 2
   (2) Rise and growth of Big Business 2
   (3) Philosophy of Big Business- Trusts and Holding Companies 2
   (4) Impact of Big Business 2

V. Big Business and Politics : Anti-Trust legislation to control Big Business. 2

VI. The Growth of Agriculture & Farmers Organisations
   (1) Grievances of the farmers 1
   (2) The Grangers 1
   (3) Farmers’ Alliances 1
   (4) The Populists 2

VII. Rise of Labour Movement :
   (1) Causes 1
   (2) National Labour Union 1
# Expansion of Railroads, Urbanisation

VIII. Expansion of Railroads, Urbanisation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reference</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Noble Order Of the Knights of Labour</td>
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<tr>
<td>American Federation of Labour</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Gilded Age</td>
<td>3</td>
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# The Gilded Age

IX. The Gilded Age

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
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</table>

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# Progressivism

Second Term:

X. Progressivism:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reference</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rise of Progressive Movement</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salient features of Progressivism</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progressivism at Municipal, State and Federal level, Progressive reforms of Theodore Roosevelt and Wilson</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Impact of Progressivism on American Politics</td>
<td>2</td>
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# Foreign Policy of U.S. during 1865-1919

XI. Foreign Policy of U.S. during 1865-1919:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reference</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rise of Imperialism</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Spanish American War, 1998</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expansion in the Pacific</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Open Door in China</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Big Stick Diplomacy of Theodore Roosevelt</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson and World War I, His Fourteen points, Paris Peace Conference</td>
<td>3</td>
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# The Roaring Twenties and the Era of Normalcy

XII. The Roaring Twenties and the Era of Normalcy:

<table>
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<th>Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Social and economic life during the Twenties</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foreign Policy - The Washington Conference</td>
<td>2</td>
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</table>
XIII. The Great Depression:
   (1) Causes and Effects 2
   (2) Hoover and Great Depression 1

XIV. The New Deal:
   (1) Its Sairient Features 3
   (2) New Deal and the Supreme Court
   (3) Foreign policy during the New Deal period 2

XV. World War II:
   (1) From Isolation to Intervention 2
   (2) Role of the U.S. in the World War II 2
   (3) U.S. and formation of UNO 1
   (4) Impact of Capitalism on American Society and Value system 2

Books for Study
(2) Faulkner: American Political and Social History.
(3) Hosfastdter, Miller and Arron: The United States.
(4) Haldin Oscar: America.
(5) Friedal Frank and Drowry H. N.: America.
(6) गोरे न. ग.: अमेरिकेच्या संघर्षवादचा इतिहास; पुणे - १९६०
(8) Link, Arthurs and others: A Concise History of the American People; Vol. I and II (Harlan, Arlington Heights 1984)
M. A. (History) / 56

(9) Parks, Henry Bamford : The United States of America.
(11) Freedel, Frank : America in the 20th Century.
(12) Patterson, James : America in the Twentieth Century A History.
(13) Harlo and Blake : The United States from Wildness to World Power.
(18) कोटेकर शांता व्यं. : अमेरिकेच्या संघराष्ट्राचा इतिहास (१८६०-१९६१)
(19) देवधर व्यं. न. : अमेरिकेच्या इतिहास : ओरंगाबाद, १९८१.
(20) नेन्हा एल. जेड. हेनरी टेल : संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका का इतिहास; अनु. कृष्णावंद, स्टोलिंग पुस्तिकामय्ये, नई दिल्ली, १९७२.
(21) भगवर, देवधरारी : अमेरिकेचा इतिहास; विब्या प्रकाशन, नागपूर.

Books for Reference

(7) Beard, Charles and Mary: America in Mid-passage; Macmillan, New York, 1939.
(15) Stampp, K. N.: The Era of Reconstruction, 1865-1877.
(16) Hacker: Triumph of American Capitalism; Cimon and Schustov, New York, 1940.
(17) Coobran and Meller: Age of Enterprise: A Social History of Industrial America (Macmillan, New York, 1942)
(31) Beale : Roosevelt and Rise of America to World Power.
(32) Ranch, Begil: Roosevelt Munich to Pearl Harbour.
(33) Pratt: A History of U.S. Foreign Policy.
M. A. (History) / 60

HS I-D : Modern Japan (1853-1955)

First Term :  Periods required
I. Feudal Japan - State and Society  3
II. Tokugawa Japan and the Western Powers :
   (1) Opening of Japan  3
   (2) Treaties with foreign powers  3
   (3) Fall of the Tokugwa Shogunate  2
III. The Meiji Restoration : Its nature and Philosophy  3
IV. Modernisation of Japan (1867-1914) :
   (1) Economic  3
   (2) Political  2
   (3) Social  2
V. Expansion of Japan : First Phase upto 1910 :
   (1) Sino Japanese War  2
   (2) Anglo-Japanese Treaty  2
   (3) Russo-Japanese War  2
   (4) The annexation of Korea  1
VI. Rise of Japan as World Power :
   (1) World War I and Twenty One Demands  2
   (2) Paris Peace Conference  2
   (3) Washington Conference  2
VII. Growth and decline of Constitutionalism  3
VIII. Rise of Militarism  3

40
Second Term :

IX. (1) Rise of Zaibatsu 1  
(2) Economic Progress and Industrialisation. 1914-1939. 4  

X. The Manchurian Invasion of 1931: 
(1) Causes 3  
(2) Role of the League of Nations 2  

XI. Second Sino-Japanese War 2  

XII. Anti-comintern Pact, Berlin-Tokyo-Rome Axis 4  

XIII. Conflicts with U.S.A. leading to Pearl Harbour 4  

XIV. Japan and World War II: 
(1) Role of General Tojo 2  
(2) New Order, Greater East-Asia co-prosperity zone 4  
(3) The dropping of Atom Bomb by U.S.A. and Surrender of Japan 4  

XV. American Occupation: 
(1) Its objectives 2  
(2) Re-organisation and reconstruction of Japan under General Mac-Arthur 4  

XVI. The Economic resurgence of Japan 4  

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Books for Study
(2) Reischauer, E. O.: Japan: Past and Present.  
(3) Samson: Cultural History of Japan.
(4) Jan Romein: Asian Century.
(5) गुरु र. श. : पूर्व आधीयाण्य आधुनिक इतिहास.
(15) Yanaga Chitoshi: Japan Since Perry.
(17) Norman, Hearbett: Japan's Emergence as a Modern state.
(18) Longford: Evolution of Modern Japan.
(20) Clyde P. H.: The Far East.
Books for Reference

(2) Vinacke, H. M. : Far East Some World War II.
(3) Regenald Toland : Rise and Fall of the Japanese Empire.
(4) Holland, D. L. : Asia and Western Dominance.
(9) Brown, Delmer M. : Nationalism in Japan.
M. A. (History) / 64

HS I-E : History of West Asia (Trukey and Iran) (1900-1970)

First Term : Periods required

I. Salient features of the Ottoman Rule :
The society and institutions-a brief survey of the reform movement in Turkey. 4
II. The regime of Abdul Hamid II. : The growing unrest : The Balkan Policy of the Sultan. 4
III. The young Turk movement : The philosophy and programme of the Revolution, foreign policy of the revolutionaries-World War I. 4
IV. Mustafa Kemal and the Turkish Republic :
Domestic Policy of the Kemalist government, Foreign policy of the Kemalist government. 6
V. Turkey and World War II : Policy of Ismet Inonu. End of One Party System, Domestic policy since World War II-Turkey and the Islamic World. 5
VI. Salient features of the pre-20th century Iranian society. 2
VII. Iran and the West : Anglo-Russain policies in Iran. The Iranian reaction. 5
VIII. Rise of Reza Shah Pehlabi : The Modernization of Iran. 2
IX. Anglo-American interest in Iran. 2
X. Iran and World War II 2
XI. Mossadiq’s oil-politics 2
XII. Iran and the East, Iran and Russia 2

40
**M. A. (History) / 65**

*Second Term (The Arabs and Israel)*

| I. | The Geo-political factors in the Arab history. | 2 |
| II. | Egypt under the British rule : a socio-economic study. | 2 |
| III. | Rise and Growth of Egyptian nationalism. Egypt during the World Wars. | 4 |
| IV. | The Revolution of 1952 : Domestic policy of President Nasser and the West-The Suez Crisis - Egypt and the Soviet World. | 8 |
| VI. | Rise and growth of nationalism in Arab States | 2 |
| VII. | World War I and the Role of T.E. Lawrence an-Arab entiment : World War II. | 4 |
| VIII. | Zionist movement and Genesis of Israel. The Problem of jerusalem. | 4 |
| IX. | Revolutionary nationalism in Syria, Iraq, Lebanon | 3 |
| X. | The Arab and Israel : Areas of conflict | 4 |
| XI. | The World and the Arab-Israel problem | 3 |
| XII. | The Arab oil and the World economy | 3 |

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**Books for Study**

M. A. (History) / 66

(3) Lewis, Bernard : Emergence of Modern Turkey.
(4) Kirk, G.A. : Short History of the Middle East.

Books for Reference

(1) Cambridge History of Persia, Vol. I and II.
(4) Shwardan, Benjamin : The Middle East—Oil and the Great Powers; New York.
HS-II-A: Medieval European Culture

First Term: Periods required

I. Background:
   (1) Meaning of the term ‘Medieval’ or Middle Ages with reference to European History - Controversies regarding beginning of the middle ages as well as its duration Sources of European medieval history a brief outline of the historiography of the age. 4
   (2) Condition of Europe at the beginning of the medieval age : Barbarian invasions, fall of Roman Empire Contraction of territory, trade and commerce. 4

II. Feudalism:
   (1) Origin, meaning and nature 1
   (2) Brief outline of the growth feudal kingdoms of Europe 1
   (3) Feudal Law and administration of Justice (Special reference to England) 1
   (4) Social aspects of feudalism : Social hierarchy- Knighthood and Chivalry; Position of Women 3
   (5) Feudalism of church-its-results 1

III. Economic Life:
   (1) Manorial system with special reference to England 1
   (2) Trade-Revival from 11th Century, new trade routes, expansion of Sea-trade. 2
M. A. (History) / 68

(3) Growth of money economy and banking system its impact on medieval life. 2
(4) Organisation of trade and industry into merchant and Craft guilds-their role in improving the economy-their role in Municipal politics. 3
(5) Hanscatic League 7

IV. Rise of Towns :
(1) Origin and description of town life and towns 2
(2) Municipal administration 2
(3) Political and Cultural importance of towns in Medieval Europe 1

V. Holy Roman Empire :
Meaning, establishment and its political and cultural importance 3

VI. Catholic Church :
(1) Clunactic reform 2
(2) Organisation of the Church 2
(3) Growing power-Gregory VII and the Investiture struggle. 2
(4) Long struggle between the Church and Empire and it results 2

Second Term :
VII. Crusades : Causes; effects on Europe 3
VIII. Medieval Constitutionalism :
(1) Magna Carta
M. A. (History) / 69

(2) Ideal of the Supremacy of Law 2
(3) Legalism 2
(4) Growth of representative institutions 3

IX. Intellectual Life :
   (1) Rise of Universities, their organisation-impaction medieval culture 5
   (2) Scholasticism 2
   (3) Medieval Science 3
   (4) Literature-Latin and Vernacular 4

X. Decline of Middle Ages :
   (1) Decay of Feudalism and feudal institutions like the manorial system, guilds etc. 4
   (2) Decline of the temporal power of the Church 2
   (3) Economic decline-Black Death and its results 2

XI. Art and Architecture :
   (1) Romansque style 2
   (2) Gothic style 2
   (3) Painting and Sculpture 2
   (4) Music 1

Books for Study
(1) Adams, G.B.: Civilizations during the Middle ages.
(3) Turner, R.: The Great Cultural Traditions II.
M. A. (History) / 70

(4) Knight, M.M.: Economy, History of Europe to the end of Middle ages.
(5) Bryce, J.: The Holy Roman Empire.
(8) Jarret, B.: Social Theories of the Middle age.

Books for Reference
(1) Cambridge Medieval History - (Macmillan, 1911, 8 Vols.)
(3) Thompson, J.W.: Economic and Social History of the Middle Ages.
HS II-B : History and Philosophy of Science and Technology (Development in the West)

First Term : Periods required

I. Meaning and definition of science and Technology, scientific method. 2

II. Technology in the pre-historic period. 1

III. Science and Technology in the ancient Civilizations
     Egypt 3
     Mesopotamia 2
     Greece 5
     Rome 1

IV. Development of Science under the Arabs. 2

V. Science in the medieval period
   (1) Dark Arab in Europe 1
   (2) Impact of Arts Science on Europe 1
   (3) Scholasticism : Thomas Aquinas 2
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VII. The Renaissance - background
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VIII. Revolution in Astronomy
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     Tycho Brahe 2
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IX. Birth of Modern Science : Contribution of
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X. Development of Biology till the 18th Century 2
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XIII. Development of biological sciences
   Jenner, Pasteur, Robert Koch, Paul Ehrlich,
   Joseph Lister, Gerhard Domagk, Alexander Glenny

XIV. Revolution in Communication
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   Railways
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XV. Development of Synthetic Chemistry
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XVI. Mechanization of agricultural industry

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XX. The Electronic Revolution 3
XXI. Impact of Science and Technology on
   (1) Intellectual and Socio-economic life of man 3
   (2) War technology 2

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(3) Derry, T. K. and Williams, T.I.: A Short History of Technology.
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(6) Russel, Bertrand : The Impact of Science on Society.
(7) Singer, Charles : A Short History of Scientific Ideas to 1900.
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(12) Larsen, Egon : A History of Invention.

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(6) Gupta, S.P. : Science, Technology and Society.
(7) Mason, S.F. : Main Currents of Scientific Thought.
(9) Singer, Charles : History of Biology.
(10) Taylor Sherwood : An Illustrated History of Science.
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(13) Gartmenn Heinz : Science as History.
(14) Klem Friescrich : A History of Western Technology.


(22) Mckenzie A. E. E. : Major Achievements of Science, 2 Vols.


(24) Asimov Isacc : Asmiov on Chemistry.


(27) Degler Karl : Age of the economic Revolution.
HS II-C: Revolution in France (1789-1848)

First Term:

I. The Nature of Ancient Regime
   (1) Social structure 2
   (2) Political Structure 2
   (3) Economic conditions 3
   (4) Rise of middle class 2

II. Role of the French Philosophers
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III. Nature and Course of the Revolution of 1789
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   (3) Imperialism: Napoleonic Wars 5
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(5) Impact on other nations 4

V. Revolution of 1848:

(1) Causes 7
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Books for Study

(1) Lowell : The Eye of the French Revolution.
(2) Robinson and Beard : Reasoning in Modern European History.
(3) Fyffee : History of Modern Europe.
(4) Bourn : The Revolution Period in Europe.
(5) Hobsbawn : Age of Revolution.
(7) J. Holland Rose : Revolutionary and Napoleonic Era.
(8) Elten G. Revolutionary Ideas in France.
(9) Gershoj, Leo : The French Revolution and Napolean.
(10) Thompson, David : Europe since Napolean.
(14) Lipson, Europe on 10th and 20th Centuries.
(15) केघ्नकर न. थि. : फ्रेंच राज्यक्रांती (द्वितीयाध्याय): पुणे, १९६२.
(16) फडेक, कुलकण्डी : आधुनिक युरोप.
Books for Reference

(1) Cambridge Modern History (Relevant Volumes).
(3) Burk Edmund : Reflections on the Revolution in France.
HS II-D : Diplomatic History of Europe (1815-1914)

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   3. Bismarck’s policy of alliance 3

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X. *The Balkan Wars and World War I* :
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**Books for Study**

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(2) Seaman: From Vienna to Versailles.
(3) Brandenburg, e.: From Bismark to World War I.
(4) Albrecht, Rene Carrie: Diplomatic History.
(5) Somag: European Diplomatic History.

Books for Reference

(2) Moon, P. T.: Imperialism and World Politics.
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HS II-E : History of Science and Technology in India

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Books for Study

(2) Barnett L. D. —Antiquities of India.
(3) Bose, Sen, Subbarayappa : A Concise History of Science in India; New Delhi, 1971.
(4) Garratt G. T. : The legacy of India.

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(1) Chattopadhyay D. P. : Science and Society in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1977
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(4) Dagli Vadilal : Science and Technology in India; New Delhi, 1982.
(6) Dharampal : Indian Science and Technology in the 18th Century; Delhi, 1971.
(8) Gupta S. P. : Modern India and Progress in Science and Technology; Delhi, 1979.
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(9) Jaggi O. P. : Scientists of Ancient India, Delhi, 1969.
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(13) Ray A. And Bayrchi S. K. : Technology in Ancient and Medieval India; Delhi, 1986.
(14) Sarkar Benoy Kumar : Hindu Achievements in Exact Sciences; 1918.
(15) Satya Prakash : Founders of Sciences in Ancient India.

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XII. Scientific Institutions in British India 4
XIII. Introduction of Modern Technology 2
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XV. *Science policy of independent India till 1964*

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XVI. *Scientists in Modern India*


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VI. State Finance-revenue and taxation 8
VII. Judicial administration 7
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Books for Study

2. Beni, Prasad: The Political Theory in Ancient India; Allahabad, 1927.
3. Beni, Prasad : The State in Ancient India.
(8) Sinha, H. N. : Sovereignty in Ancient India.
(10) Ghosal, U. N. : Indian Political Theories.
(11) Kane, P.V. : History of Dharmashatra.
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(2) Maritime Activities 3
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(3) Economic Conditions 1
(4) Religion 3
(5) Literature 3
(6) Art and Architecture 3
(7) Contribution to general Indian Civilization 3

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Books for Study
(2) Gopalan, R. : History of the Pallavas of Khandhi; Madras, 1928.
(3) Minakshi, C. : Administration and Social Life under the Pallavas; Madras, 1938.
(4) Nilakanta Shastri. K. A. : The Pandyan Kingdom;
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London, 1929.


(6) Subrahmanian : The Sangam Policy.

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(2) Wilheim, Geiger (tr. and ed.) : Mahavamsa or the Great Chronicle of Ceylon.

(3) Ramchandra, Dikshutar V. R. (tr.) : Silappackikaram; Madras, 1939.


(6) Kanakasabhi Pillai, V. : The Tamils Eighteen Hundred Years Ago, Madras, 1904.


(8) Srinivasa Iyengar, P. T. : The Pallavas; Trichonopoly, 1922.


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Books for Study
(2) R. G. Bhandarkar : The Early History of the Deccan; Pune, 1929.
(3) K. A. Nilakanta Sastri : A History of South India; Madras, 1966.
(4) D. C. Sircar : The Successors of the Satavahana in Lower Deccan; Calcutta, 1939.
(5) R. C. Mujumdar : History and Culture of the Indian People; Vols. III and IV.

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(1) K. Sundaram : A Study of Economic and Social Conditions in Medieval Andhra; Masulipatam, 1968.
(2) Dubreuil : Ancient History of Deccan (tr.); Pondicherry, 1920.
(3) J.F. Fleet : Dynastics of Kanarese Districts; Bombay, 1896.

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HS III-D: Rastrakutas and Chaulukyas of Kalyana

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Books for Study

1) Altekar, S. A. : Rashtrakutas and their Times; Pune, 1934.
4) Krishna Murali : The Chalukyas of Kalyani.
5) Desai Dinkar : The Mahamandleshvaras under the Chalukyas of Kalyani; Bomby, 1951.
9) Cousens, Henry, : The Architectural Antiquities of Western India; London, 1926.
### First Term:

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Books for Study

3. "Vit" : वित

Books for Reference

6. Epigraphic India (relevant volumes).
7. Epigraphic Carnatica (relevant volumes).
# HS IV-B: History of Vijayanagar and its off-shoots

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Books for Study
(1) R. Sewell : Forgotten Empire; New Delhi, 1980
(2) Heras, H. : The Aravindu Dynasty of Vijaynagar; Madras, 1927.

Books for Reference
(1) Venkataramanayyas : Early Muslim Expansion in South India; Madras, 1942.
(2) Major (ed.) India in the Fifteenth Century.
(3) Aiyangar, S. K. : South India and her Muhammeden Invader; Madras, 1921.
(6) Krishnaswami Aiyangar, S. : Sources of Vijaynagar History; Delhi, re-print, 1986.
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(8) Satyanata Ayyar, R. : History of the Nayakas of Madura; 1924.
(9) Vriddhigirisn : Nayakas of Tanjore; Annamalainagar, 1942.
(10) Shrinivasan : Nayakas of Gingee.
HS IV-C: History of the Bahamani Kingdom and its Offshoots

First Term:

I. Sources:
   - Literacy: 3 periods required
   - Numismatical: 2
   - Foreign Travellers’ Accounts: 2

II. Political condition of the Deccan during the first half of 14th Century: 2 periods required
   - The foundation of Bahamani dynasty in 1347 A.D.: 2

III. Prominent rulers and expansion of kingdom:
   - Aladuddin Bahaman Shah I: 2
   - Muhammad Shah: 2
   - Firuz-Shah Ahmad Shah: 3
   - Mahmud Gawan: 4

IV. The struggle between Vijaynagar and the Bahamani Kingdom for supremacy over the Deccan: 8 periods required

V. Distinguish of Bahamani Kingdom and the emergence of the Offshoots: 8 periods required
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Second Term:

VI. Extent:
   - Bijapur (Yusuf, Ibrahim II, Muhammad): 3
   - Ahmednagar (Ahmad, Murtuza, Buran and Husain): 3
   - Golkonda (Quli Qutob Shah, Ibrahim and Muhammad Shah): 2
   - The role of Chand Bibi in the defence of Ahmednagar Kingdom: 1
### VIII. Administration
- Central: 2
- Provincial: 1
- Local: 1

### VIII. Socio-economic conditions: 6

### IX. Literature: 6

### X. Art and Architecture: 10

### XI. Religious Policy: 2

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### Books for Study


### Books for Reference

1. W. Haig : Historical Landmarks of the Deccan; Allahabad, 1907.

(7) Radhey Shyam : A Kingdom of Ahmednagar.

(8) बेंद्रे बा. सी. : विजापुरची आदिलशाही

(9) कुटे बी. जी. : अहमदनगरची निजामशाही

(10) Varma: History of Bijapur.
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**HS IV-D : Akbar : An Intensive Political Study**

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Books for Study


Books for Reference

(5) Modi, J. J. : Parsees at the Court of Akbar; Bombay, 1903.
(7) Faz Abul- Akbarnama.
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HS V-A : Administrative and Socio-Economic History of the Marathas

First Time : Periods required

I. Sources :

1. Background
   Contribution of Sane, khare, Rajwade, Parasnis, Sardesai, etc. in collecting and
   Publishing various sources
   
2. Literacy sources (Sanskrit, Marathi)
   
3. Persian
   
4. Foreign and Miscellaneous
   
5. Archival sources

II. Administrative Pattern (Civil) :

1. Philosophy underlying Shivaji’s policy, extent
   of Shivaji’s Kingdom
   
2. Kingship under Shivaji and the Peshwas
   
3. Council of Ministers, Secretariat
   
4. Provincial Administration (under the Royal period)
   
5. Provincial Administration (under the
   Peshwa period)

III. Sources of income and expenditure :

1. Land revenue (as a source only)
   
2. Chauthai and Sardeshmukhi
   
3. Other taxes and cases
   
4. Items of expenditure :
   
   a. King the Central Government
   
   b. Provincial administration
   
   c. Military, agriculture and others
IV. Judicial Administration:
   (1) Sources of Law, Judicial administration at the centre. 1
   (2) Gotasabha, Brahmasabha. 2
   (3) Village Panchayat. 2
   (4) Judicial Procedure, Civil offences. 1
   (5) Crimes and Punishments, Police. 2

V. Military Organization:
   (1) Divisions of the Army and their organisations 2
   (2) Forts and fort administration 1
   (3) Naval Organization 2

Second Term:

VI. Social conditions:
   (1) Social structure. 3
   (2) Castes and communities. 3
   (3) Position of women. 4
   (4) Education, fairs and festivals. 3
   (5) Village communities. 3

VII. Economic conditions:
   (1) Cropping Pattern, types of land 2
   (2) Methods of assessment 2
   (3) Revenue collection 2
   (4) Families and relief measures 2
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VIII. Trade and commerce :
   (1) Industries and Handicrafts 3
   (2) Industrial and Commercial centres 2
   (3) Trade routes and communications 3

IX. Currency and Banking :
   (1) Types of coins, Mints 2
   (2) Bankers and Banking houses 2
   (3) State Finance 2

X. Instruments of credit :
   Hundi, varat 2

Books for Study
(5) Chitnis, K. N. : Socio-Economic aspects of Medieval India; Pune, 1979.
(6) Divekar, V. D. : Survey of Material in Marathi on the Economic and Social History of India.
(8) बनहट्ट, श्री. न. : (संपादक) आज्ञापत्र
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(10) जोशी, चांगेरकर : शिवाजीचा लेखनातंत्रकार.
(11) देशपांडे प्र. न. : छत्रपति शिवाजीमहाराजांची पत्ते; थुऱ्ये.
(12) वाकसकर, बिनावक (संपादक) : वाकनवीस दलाजी विभ यांची शिवाजीच्या ९१ कल्याणे बऱ्यांत.
(13) सरदेसाई गो. स. (संपादक) : परमांत काव्य - परमांत
(14) पोतर, तुम्बार (संपादक) : ऐतिहासिक संकीर्ण, साहित्य.
(15) अंते, वि. ना. : गावळां.
(16) राजवाळे, वि. का. (संपादक) : पिंडेके, जयराम - राघवाधव बिलास चंपू.

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(6) जोशी, श्र. ना. : अर्थांचे महाराष्ट्र—ऐतिहासिकांनी राज्यकारभाराचा अन्वयास; भाग - १.
(7) कुलकर्णी, अ. रा. : शिवकाळीन महाराष्ट्र; शिवाजी विचारपीठ कोल्हापूर, १९७७.
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(9) देशमुख, शरदा : शिवकालीन आणि पेशवेकालीन रस्ता-जीवन।
(10) सरदार, गं. शा. : संतवाङ्मयाची सामाजिक फलंदाजी।
(11) कुलकर्णी, अ. रा. आणि खरे, ग. ह. : (संपादक) : मराठवंशाचा
इतिहास: भाग - ९, २ आणि ३, पृष्ठ-१९८४।
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Peshwas Period; Bombay, 1980.
(13) Mahajan, T. T. : Industry, Trade and Commerce during
the Peshwas Period; Jaipur, 1980.
(14) Gokhale, B. G. : Poona in the Eighteenth Century : An
(15) चिटीवाल, कृ. ना. : सावनूर्ण नवाब : ऐतिहासिक कागदपत्र;
भारतीय इतिहास संग्रहालय मंडळ, पुणे।
(16) आठवे, सदाशिव : रामाशायी प्रमुखें चरित्र व पत्रे; १९८८।
(17) Kolarkar, S. G. : Janoji Bhosale and His times
(1955-1772); Nagpur.
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(१९७४ ते १८७०)
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(20) Winke, Andre : Land and Sovereignty in India.
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(3) Nanasaheb Peshwa and Nizam 2
(4) Madhavrao I and Nizam, Battle of Kharda 2
(5) Peshwa-Nizzam Relations Analysis. The role of Maratha envoys in the Nizam’s Court 1

IV. Shahu and Chatrapati of Kolhapur :
   (1) Relations between Shahu and Chatrapatis of Kolhapur from the release of Shahu upto to the battle of Khed. 1
   (2) Relations from 1708-1730. 2
   (3) Treaty of Warana, its importance 1
   (4) Relations from 1731 onwards 1

V. Maratha-Portuguese Relations :
   Relations with the Portuguese 2

VI. Maratha-Siddis Relations :
   Relations with the Siddis 2

VII. Marathas in the Court of Delhi-Treaty of 1750 with the emperor. The Maratha’s agents at the court of Delhi-Hingnes. The role of the Maratha agents in the Rajput courts-Jaipur. Jodhpur, Udaipur, Bikaner 1
   Maratha Defeat at Panipat 1
   Balance of power in India 1

Second Term :

VIII. Marathas and the Southern States :
   (1) Marathas Policy in the South 2
   (2) Relations with Sonda (Swadi) 2
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(3) Relations with Mysore Odeyars
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   Savanur, 1
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IX. Diplomacy of Barbhai Council :
(1) Formation of the Barbhai Council 1
    Role of Nana Phadnis in Maratha Politics 3
(2) Mahadji Shinde-Diplomatic dealings
    with the Mughals, Diplomatic dealings
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X. Anglo-Maratha Relations :
(1) Maratha Diplomatic dealings 3
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(2) Their diplomatic dealings-Second Anglo Maratha
    War 3

XI. French-Maratha Relations :
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XII. Decline and fall of the Maratha Power :
(1) Decline of Maratha confederacy 2
(2) Third Anglo-Maratha War, end of the Maratha Power, Decline and fall of the Marathas, 3
A reappraisal 2

Books for Study
(1) Sardesai, G. S. : New History of Marathas; Vol. II and III.
(2) Saxena : Maratha Relations with the major states of Rajputana.
(3) Muddachari, B. : Resistance of Mysore to the Maratha expansion—1726-1761.
(4) Ganda Singh : Ahmed Shah Abdali
(5) Gupta, H. R. (ed.) : Marathas and Panipat.
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(7) राजवंश, वि. का. : मराठवंश vacc इतिहासाची साधने (संबंधित खंड)
(8) Banarjee : Peshwa Madhavrao I; Calcutta, 1968.
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(7) Sushma Varma : Mountstuart Elphinstone in Maharashtra (1801-1930), Delhi, 1981.
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(9) Setu Madhavrao Pagadi : Eighteenth Century, Deccan.
(10) Grant Duff : History of the Marathas; Vol. II and III.
(14) Malgaonkar Manohar : Kanhoji Angre- Maratha Admiral and account of his life and his battles with English.
(17) मोडक : कोल्हापुर संस्थानाचा इतिहास.
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**HS V-C : Cultural History of Maharashtra**

**First Term :**

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**I. Salient features of Marathi Culture**
- Maharashtra as a Cultural region 2
- Sources 2
- Origin of the Marathi people - Different theories 2
- Origin and Growth of Marathi language 2

**II. Literature :**

1. **Poetry :**
   - (a) Chakradhar 1
   - (b) Dynaneshwar 2
   - (c) Eknath 2
   - (d) Namdev 1
   - (e) Tukaram 2
   - (f) Ramdas 1
   - (g) Mukteshwar 1
   - (h) Moropant 1

2. **Chronicles (Bakhars) :**
   - (i) Sabhasad Bakhar 1
   - (j) Bhausaheb Yanchi Bakhar 1
   - (k) Rajya Vyavahara Kosh 1
   - (l) Ajna Patra 1

3. **Shahiri Literature :**
   - (m) Ramjoshi, Saganbhau, Prabhakar, Honaji Bala 2
III. Major Religious Cults:
   (1) Mahanubhav Cult 2
   (2) Wakari Cult 2
      (a) Problems of Vithoba
      (b) Iconographical and Philosophical approaches
      (c) Ramdasi Cult 2

IV. Minor religious cults of Maharashtra:
   (1) Nath-cult 2
   (2) Datta Cult 2
   (3) Shakti Cult 2

Second Term:

V. Maharashtra Dharma:
   (1) Meaning 1
   (2) Different views 2
   (3) Origin and development of the concept 2
   (4) Impact of Marathi Society 1

VI. Social Stratification:
   (1) Castes and Communities 3
   (2) Social Relations and Social Mobility 3
   (3) Social Customs and manners 3
   (4) Problem faced by the Society-Gramanya 3
VIII. Organisation of the village:
(1) Balutedars and Alutedars
(2) Social Status of office bearers in the village

VIII. Impact of Islam on Marathi Culture:
(1) Language
(2) Literacy forms
(3) Social and culture practices

IX. Art and Architecture:
(1) Marathi Architecture
(2) Fine arts
(3) Performing arts

X. Pastimes and Festivals:
(1) Popular pastimes
(2) Major festivals of Maharashtra

Books for Study
(1) बिंदेज, बी. ए. : मराठी साहित्य व वाङ्मयाचा इतिहास; पुणे, १९३३.
(2) भांवे, व. ए. : महाराष्ट्र सारस्त; खंड १-२.
(3) सत्याग्रह, गं. बा. : संतवाङ्मयाची सामाजिक फलंदणी; १९७०.
(4) करू, हरावली : मराठी संस्कृती.
(5) Ballahatchet, K. A. : Social Policy and Social change in Western India.
(6) अन्यः गावच्या.
Books for Reference

(1) आकाशवाणी प्रकाशन : महाराष्ट्र धर्मचे जीवन.
(2) सरदार, गं. शा. (संपादक) : महाराष्ट्र जीवन.
(3) सहाय्य, पु. ग. : महाराष्ट्र संस्कृती.
(4) मोंड, प्रमाणकर : लोकस्थिये अनुप्रयोग; पुणे, १९५५.
(5) Behere, N. K. : The background of the Maratha Renaissance in the 17th Century; Bangalore 1946.
(7) बेडेकर, वि. के. : आणि म्हणजे : भारतीय प्रभाव.
(9) Ravindra Kumar : Western India in the 19th Century.
(10) Omvet, Gail : Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society.
(11) जावेकर, श. द. : आधुनिक भारत.
(12) बेडेकर, वि. के. : जुने मराठी अर्थशास्त्रीय गंध.
(13) भावे, वा. के. : पेशवकालीन महाराष्ट्र.
(14) Desai, Sudha : Social Life under the Peshwas.
(16) Satish Chandra : Jizyah and the State in India during the Seventeenth century; JESHO, Leiden (Sep., 1963).
(17) Chatterjee, S. K. : Language and Literature of Modern India.
(19) Mate, M.S. : Maratha Architecture.
(20)
HS V-D: Maharashtra in the 19th Century

First Term: Periods required

I. Background of Socio-Economic condition in the 19th Century Maharashtra:

(1) Social Structure 2
(2) Industries and Occupations 2
(3) Political Structure and Society 2
(4) Potentials of Society Mobility 3

II. Impact of the West:

(1) Administrative 3
   (a) Revenue 3
   (b) Judicial 3
   (c) Rise of Bureaucracy 3
(2) Ideological 3
   (a) Romanticism 3
   (b) Utilitarianism 3
   (c) Humanism 3
   (d) Constitutionalism 3

III. Renaissance in Maharashtra:

(1) Nature of renaissance in Maharashtra 2
(2) New Education 2
(3) Rise of middle class 3

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Second Term:

IV. Reform Movements:

(1) Position of women 2
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(2) Education 2
(3) Eradication of caste 2

V. Philosophical Transformation:
(1) Paramahans Mandali 1
(2) Prarthana Samaj 1
(3) Satyashodhak Samaj 1

VI. Economic Transformation:
(1) Demographic Movements 1 2
(2) Industrial Growth 3 3
(3) Rise of cities 2 3
(4) Rural-Urban dichotomy 1 3

VII. Development of Commerce:
(1) Foreign 2 3
(2) Internal 2 3
(3) Commercialization of Agriculture 2 3

VIII. Growth of National Consciousness:
(1) Work of organizations like Sarvajanik Sabha etc 2 3
(2) Growth of political associations like Bombay Association, Deccan Association 3 3
(3) Press and Public Association 3 3

IX. Growth of New Literature:
(1) Content 3 3
(2) Form—eg., novel, secular, personal 3 3
(3) Historical Literature 3 3

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Books for Study

(1) Ballhatchet, K. A. : Social Policy and Social Change in Western India.
(2) Kumar Ravinder: Western India in the 19th century.
(3) Bearce, G. D.: British Attitude Towards India.
(4) Stokes, E.: English Utilitarians and India.
(5) Heimsath: Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform.
(6) Tucker, R.: Ranade and roots of Indian Nationalism.
(7) Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
(8) वाँचिबे, रा. शं.: महाराष्ट्रांतील सामाजिक पुनर्जन्म.
(9) सरदार, गं. बा.: महाराष्ट्रांचे उपर्युक्त मानकरी.

Books for Reference

(1) Lederle, M.S.: Philosophical Trends in Modern Maharashtra.
(2) Faruqhar: Modern Indian Religious Movements.
(3) Nightingle Pamela: Trade and Commerce in Western India.
(4) Keer, Dhananjaya: Mahatma Jyotiba Phule.
(5) Keer, Dhananjaya: Tilak.
(6) Wolpert: Tilak and Gokhale.
(7) Ghugare, Shivaprabha: Renaissance in Western India: Karmaveer V. R. Shinde (1873-1944).
HS VI-A : British Administrative Policies in India—1818-1919

First Term:
I. A brief survey of East India Company policies regarding trade, land revenue and relations with native rulers—Administrative structure of the East India Company under the Regulating Act, 1773 and the Charter Acts. 10
II. Utilitarian philosophy and administrative policies in India. Land revenue, Social reforms, Education and Judiciary. 10
III. Reactions of the Indians in the form of 1857 incidents, assessment and impact on subsequent policy issues 10
IV. Changes in Administrative structure and policies made by Government of India Act 1858 and the Queen’s Proclamation policy of restoration. 10

Second Term:
V. A new era of active participation in administration by the Indians envisaged in Indian Council Acts of 1861, 1892 and 1909. 10
VI. Experiment of responsible Government under Government of India Act, 1919. 5
VII. Policies of the British Raj regards to education and Press.  
VIII. Policy fluctuation in the British Administration; Masterly inactivity, aggressive policy, liberal policy and imperialistic policy.  
IX. British Administrative policies and the Press; deindustrialization and emergency of economic nationalism.

Books for Study
(3) Ambirajan, S.: Classical Economist and British Policy in India.
(4) Barber, W. J.: British Economic Thoughts and India, 1600-1858.
(10) Mujumdar, R.C. (ed.): History and Culture of the Indian People British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance; Bombay, 1963.
Books for Reference

(3) Nightingle, Pamela : Trade and Empire in Western India—1784-1806; Cambridge, 1970.
(7) Bhatia, B. M. : Famines in India.
(11) Grover, B. L. (ed.): A documentary study of British Policy towards Indian nationalism; Delhi, 1967.
HS VI-B: Industrialization and Urbanization in Modern India (1850-1950)

First Term: Periods required

I. Survey of the impact of Western Colonialism and Commercial activities of the East India Company on the Indian Industries.
   1. A brief account of the Indian economy prior to the establishment of the rule of the East India Company 2
   2. Main causes of economic transaction in India in the 19th Century 2
   3. Early impact of the rule of the East India Company of India—Political, Social and Economic (emergence of industrialization and decline of urban and rural handicrafts) 5

II. Decay of the Indian traditional industries and its impact
   1. Decline of Village Community 2
   2. Agriculture 1
   3. Changes in the composition of India’s export and import 2
   4. Decline of indigenous industries 2

III. Origin and growth of economic nationalism and its impetus to Indian industries—The Swadeshi movement:
   1. Meaning of economic nationalism 1
   2. The growth of Swadeshi movement in India 2
   3. The impact of Swadeshi Movement in the growth of Indian industries 3
IV. Development of Modern Industries:
   A Survey of World Wars and The Great depression:
   (1) British Government-industrial policy towards India 2
   (2) Plantation Industries Tea, Coffee, Indigo and Rubber 2
   (3) Manufacturing Industries- Iron and Steel Coal-Leather-Chemical-Cotton-Jute-Paper-Cement Glass and Sugar 5
   (4) First World War and After 1914-20 1
   (5) 1923-1938 (Period of Depression and its impact on industries) 2

V. British Government’s Industrial Policy:
   (1) Evolution of the Industrial Policy 2
   (2) A brief survey of the Industrial Policy after World War I and after World War II
   (3) Industrial Policy Statement of 1946 1
   (4) Demarcation of Industries 1

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Second Term:
VI. Role of foreign capital in the Industrialization of India:
   (1) Advantages of Foreign capital to India 2
   (2) Disadvantages of foreign capital to India 2
   (3) Restriction on foreign capital 2
   (4) Foreign capital after Independence 2

VII. Emergence of labour force-trade union activities:
   (1) Background to the trade union activities prior to 3
M. A. (History) / 131

(2) All India Trade Union Organizations 3
(3) Defects in the Trade Union movement in India 2

VIII. Urbanization in India:
(1) A brief outline of the history of urbanization in India 2
(2) Define urbanization—the outlook Sociologists—Geographers—Economists—Historians 4
(3) Requirements for urban growth or why cities grow 2
(4) Processes of Urbanization 4
(5) Urbanization and Industrialization in Europe and level of urbanization in India 2

IX. Problems of urbanization—Social, Political, Economic, and Cultural 10

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Books for Study
(4) Rungta, R. S.: The Rise of Business Corporations in India—1851-1900; Cambridge University Press.
(6) Morris, M. D.: Emergence of an Industrial Labour force in India—1965, Berley, University of California, Press.
M. A. (History) / 132

(13) B. Chandra : Imperialism and Nationalism in India, Delhi, 1979.
(14) Ray, R. K. : Industrialization in India; 1979, Calcutta, O.V.P.
(15) Desai, A.R. : Peasant Struggle in India.
(18) Rutheamund, D. : An Economic History of India from Pre-Colonical Times to 1986.
(21) Barbar- British Economic Thoughts and India—1600-1858.
Books for Reference


Journals

(1) Economic and Political Weekly.
(2) Modern Asian Studies.
(3) Indian Economic and Social History Review.
(4) Indian Historical Review.
(5) Studies in History.
(12) Balsar, J.E. : Problems of Rapid Urbanisation in India; Bombay, 1974.
Topics:

I. Socio-economic and Political conditions in India, on the eve of Dr. Ambedkar’s Birth:
   Social hierarchy of India, conservative forms and practices of caste system, difference between caste system and economic classes, economic life, political system and politics in India. 8

II. Socio-religious movements and pioneer reformers in pre-Ambedkar period:
   Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj, Satyaa Shodhak Samaj and Theosophical Society.
   Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Swami Dayananda Saraswati, Iswarchyandra Vidyasagar, Mahatma Phule; Rajarshi Shahu Maharaj. 8

III. The Leader of the Dumb-from the dust to entry Satyagriha:
   Dr. Ambedkar’s education, early career, Challenges before him as a Reformer, Journalistic Career-Muk-Nayak-Bahishkrit Bharat, Bahishkrit Hitkarini Sabha, Mahad Satyagraha, Kala Ram Mandir-Temple entry Satyagriha 8

IV. Dr. Ambedkar’s stand on Simon Commission. His thoughts on agriculture, economics and education in the Bombay Legislative Assembly from 1927 to 1939. 8
V. The Three Round Table Conferences and Dr. Ambedkar’s role in them, its consequences, the Poona Pact and justification of his rule  

Second Term:

VI. From the Founding of Labour Party to Planning of starting the Republican Party of India:
The Independent Labour Party-aims, objectives and achievements. The All India Scheduled Caste Federation-aims, objectives and achievements, The Republican Party of India-aims and objectives. Dr. Ambedkar’s political contribution to India.

VII. Dr. Ambedkar and the Constitution of Independent India:

VIII. Dr. Ambedkar’s Great conversion to Buddhism and contribution to India-Social, Economic and Political.

IX. Dr. Ambedkar’s Socio-economic and Political Philosophy

X. Dr. Ambedkar - an estimate.

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HS VI-D : Socio-Religious Ideological Trends in Modern India

First Term : Periods required

I. Indian Society at the beginning of the 19th Century:
   (1) Role of religion in the Indian Society-A historical Survey. 1
   (2) Inadequencies in the Social System 1
   (3) Cultural conflicts - new challenges 2
   (4) Attempts at reconciliation 2

II. The Bengal Renaissance:
   (1) Reform Movement and Tradition 2
   (2) Social thought of Ram Mohan Roy 2
   (3) Religious thought of Ram Mohan Roy 2
   (4) Emergence of Young Bengal: Derazio 2
   (5) Brahmo Samaj- Its impact 2
   (6) Vidyasagar and Disabilities of women 2
   (7) A Study in Social change 2

III. Socio-Religious Movements in Western India:
   (1) Paramarsha Sabha 2
   (2) Prarthana Samaj 2
   (3) Role of the Arya Samaj 2
   (4) Satyashodhak Samaj 2
   (5) Balshastri Jambhekar 2
   (6) Lokhitwadi 2
   (7) Justice Ranade 2
M. A. (History) / 137

(8) Hindu Revivalism
Vishnubuva Brahmachari 2
Vishnushastri Chiplunkar 2

(9) Role of Agarkar 2

(10) Reform in Gujrat- Karsandas Mulji 2

Second Term :

IV. Social and Religious Reform Movements in South India:
(1) Social conditions in South India-A survey 3
(2) Emergence of the non-Brahmin movement in Tamilnadu 3
(3) Movement of Viresalingam Pantalu in Andhra 3
(4) Social Legislation in Mysore 3
(5) Sri Narayana Movement in Kerala 3
(6) Tradition and change in South India 2

V. Socio Religious Movement:
(1) The Wahabi Movement 3
(2) Role of Syed Ameer Ali, Chirag Ali 3
(3) Thoughts of Sir Syed Ahmedkhan 3
(4) Pan-Islamic Influences 3
(5) Iqbal 3
(6) The Christian Church and Indian Society 3
(7) Parsis-Religious questions 2

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Books for Study


(3) Kumar Ravindra : Western India in the 19th Century; London, 1968.


Books for Reference

(1) Ingham, K. : Reforms in India, 1793.


(4) Radhakrishanan, S. : Hinduism and the West.

(5) Omvedt Gail : Cultural Revolt in Colonial Society—A non Brahmin Movement in Western India; Bombay, 1976.


(8) Farukuhar, J. N. : Modern Religious Movements in India.
M. A. (History) / 139

(11) Ranson Josephine : A Short History of the Theosophical Society; Madras, 1938.

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